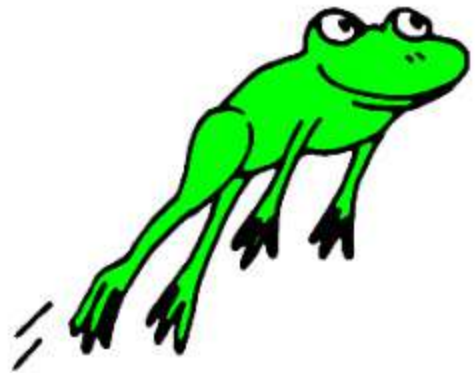


A gentle introduction to deep inference

4. Cut elimination in open deduction for propositional classical logic



ESSLLI 2025

Victoria Barrett and Lutz Straßburger

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Phi \end{array} \\
\hline
\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Xi \end{array} \\
\hline
\begin{array}{c} \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \end{array}
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Theta \end{array} \\
\hline
\begin{array}{c} \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C \end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{and} \\ \hline \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C \end{array}}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}$$

splitting of the context
guaranteed by the formalism
for the sequent calculus



$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Phi \end{array} \\
\hline
\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Xi \end{array} \\
\hline
\begin{array}{c} \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Phi \end{array} \\
\hline
\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A
\end{array}
\quad
\begin{array}{c}
\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Theta \end{array} \\
\hline
\begin{array}{c} \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C \end{array}
\end{array}$$

$$\text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}$$

$$\text{and} \frac{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \quad \Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \triangle \Phi \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C} \quad \wedge r \frac{\triangle \Xi \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \quad \triangle \Theta \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C}{\Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}
 \end{array}$$

splitting of the context
guaranteed by the formalism
for the sequent calculus

this can't happen

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \triangle \Phi \quad \triangle \Xi \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B} \\
 \wedge r \frac{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \triangle \Phi \quad \triangle \Theta \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \triangle \Phi \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C} \quad \wedge r \frac{\triangle \Xi \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \quad \triangle \Theta \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C}{\Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}
 \end{array}$$

splitting of the context
guaranteed by the formalism
for the sequent calculus

this can't happen
but it can in deep inference!

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \triangle \Phi \quad \triangle \Xi \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, B}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B} \\
 \wedge r \frac{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, B \wedge C}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \triangle \Phi \quad \triangle \Theta \\
 \text{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{_{ai\uparrow} \frac{\bar{a} \wedge a}{\perp}}$$

this can happen
in deep inference!

$$\text{cut} \frac{\begin{array}{c} \triangle \Phi \\ \Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{A \vdash A} \\ \triangle \Theta \\ \Pi, A \vdash \Lambda, C \end{array}}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \Lambda, C}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 s \frac{\bar{a} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}{\boxed{\begin{array}{c} ai \uparrow \frac{\bar{a} \wedge a}{\perp} \end{array}} \vee \bar{a}}
 \end{array}$$

this can happen
in deep inference!

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 \nabla \Phi & & \nabla \Theta \\
 \Gamma \vdash \Delta, A & & \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C
 \end{array} \\
 \text{cut} \frac{}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 \hline
 s \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 a \vee \begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \bar{a} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 \hline
 s \\
 \begin{array}{c}
 \bar{a} \wedge a \\
 \hline
 \text{ai} \uparrow \\
 \perp
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \vee \bar{a}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

this can happen
in deep inference!

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 \nabla \Phi & & \nabla \Theta \\
 \Gamma \vdash \Delta, A & & \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C \\
 \text{cut} \frac{}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 a \wedge a \quad \vee \quad \bar{a} \wedge \bar{a} \\
 \hline
 m \\
 (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 \hline
 s
 \end{array} \\
 a \vee \begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{
 \begin{array}{c}
 \bar{a} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 \hline
 s \\
 \boxed{
 \begin{array}{c}
 \bar{a} \wedge a \\
 \hline
 ai \uparrow \\
 \perp
 \end{array}
 } \vee \bar{a}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

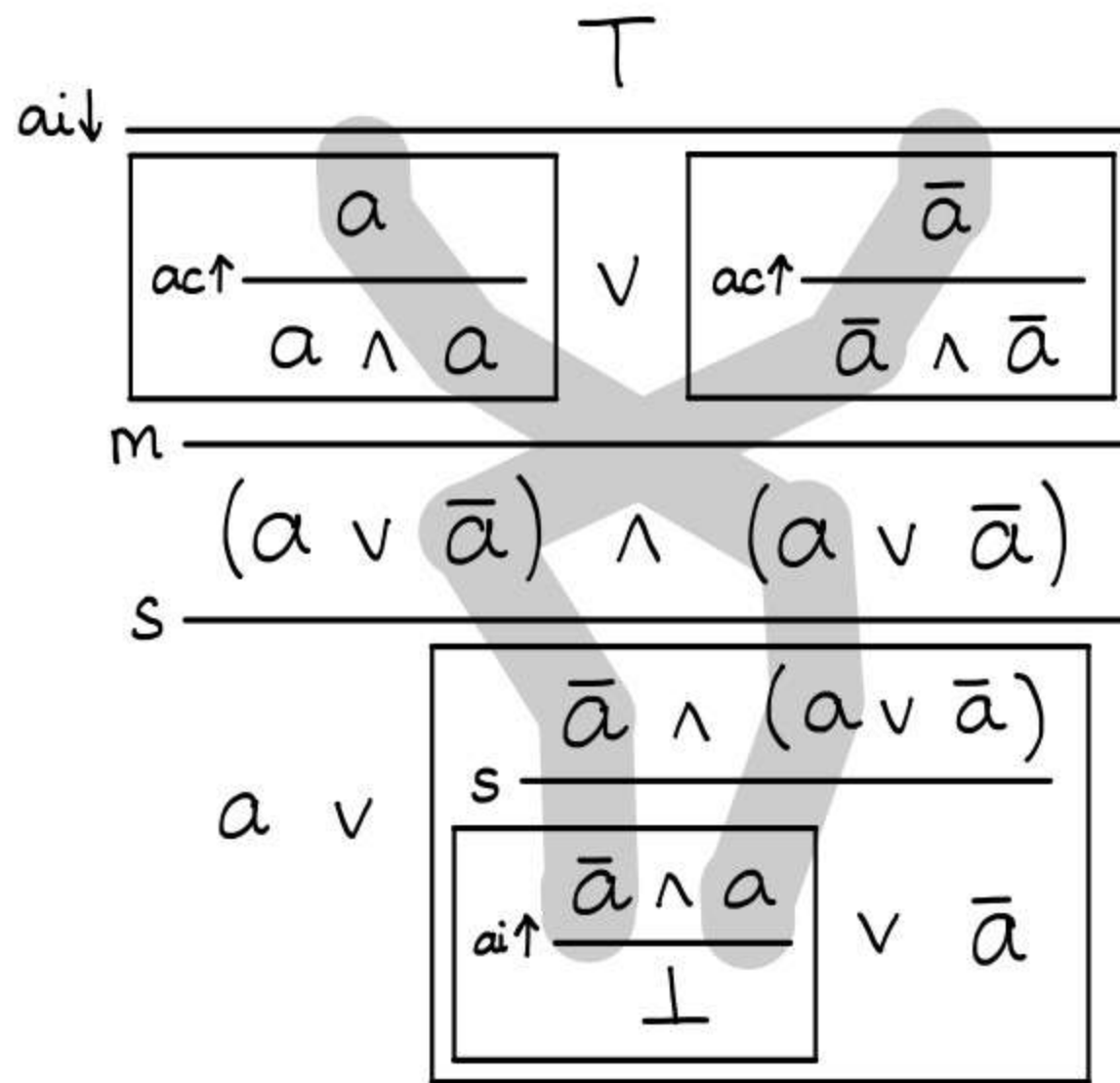
this can happen
in deep inference!

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \nabla \Phi \\
 \Gamma \vdash \Delta, A
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{A \vdash A} \\
 \text{X} \\
 \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \nabla \Theta \\
 \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C
 \end{array}
 \\
 \text{cut} \frac{}{\Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C}
 \end{array}$$

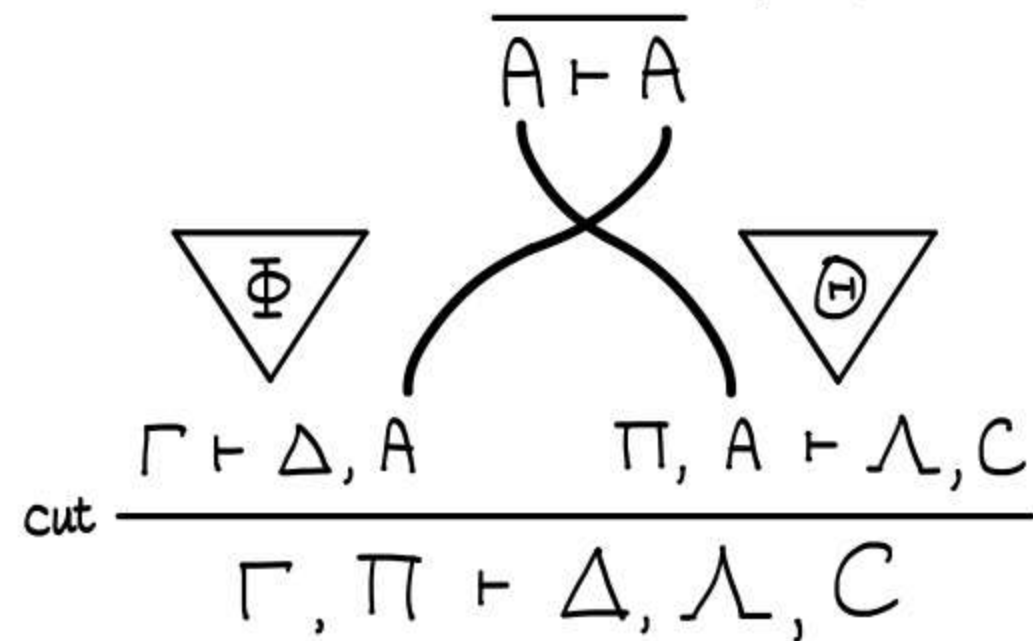
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\frac{ac\uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a}}{a \vee \bar{a}}} \vee \boxed{\frac{ac\uparrow \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}}{a \vee \bar{a}}} \\
 \hline m \\
 (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 \hline s \\
 a \vee \boxed{\frac{s \frac{\bar{a} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}{\bar{a} \wedge a}}{\perp}} \vee \bar{a}
 \end{array}$$

this can happen
in deep inference!

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{A \vdash A}{\text{cut}} \\
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 \nabla \Phi & & \nabla \Theta \\
 \Gamma \vdash \Delta, A & & \Pi, A \vdash \mathcal{L}, C
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \Gamma, \Pi \vdash \Delta, \mathcal{L}, C
 \end{array}$$



this can happen
in deep inference!



System SKS

$$ai \downarrow \frac{T}{a \vee \bar{a}}$$

identity

$$ac \downarrow \frac{a \vee a}{a}$$

contraction

$$aw \downarrow \frac{\perp}{a}$$

weakening

$$ai \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

cut

$$ac \uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a}$$

cocontraction

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

coweakening

$$m \frac{(A \wedge B) \vee (C \wedge D)}{(A \vee C) \wedge (B \vee D)}$$

medial

$$s \frac{A \wedge (B \vee C)}{(A \wedge B) \vee C}$$

switch

equality $= \frac{A}{B}$ for :

$$A \wedge B = B \wedge A$$

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C = A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee B = B \vee A$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C = A \vee (B \vee C)$$

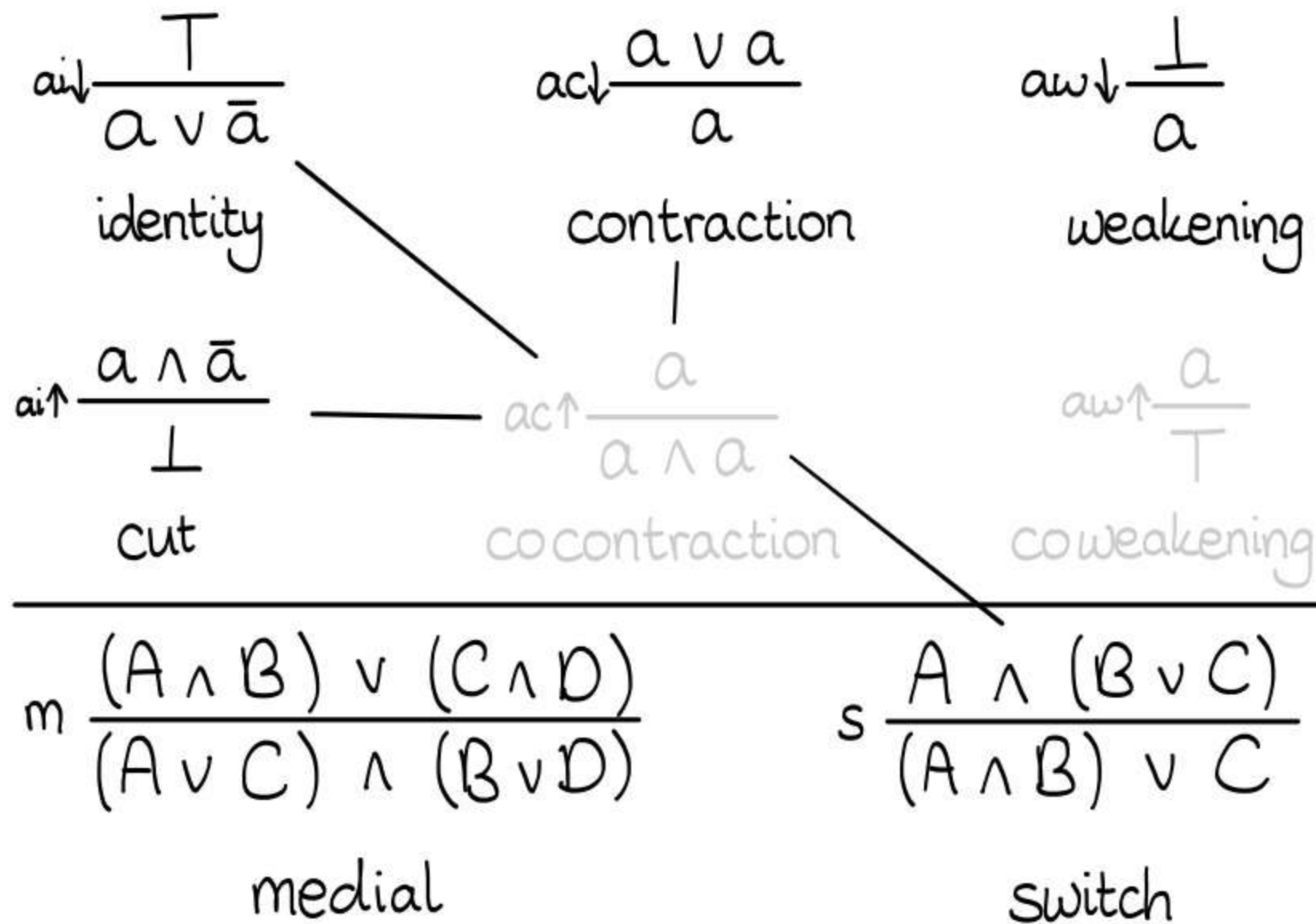
$$A \vee \perp = A = T \wedge A$$

$$\perp \vee \perp = \perp$$

$$T = T \wedge T$$



System SKS



equality $= \frac{A}{B}$ for :

$$A \wedge B = B \wedge A$$

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C = A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee B = B \vee A$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C = A \vee (B \vee C)$$

$$A \vee \perp = A = T \wedge A$$

$$\perp \vee \perp = \perp$$

$$T = T \wedge T$$



System SKS

$$ai \downarrow \frac{T}{a \vee \bar{a}}$$

identity

$$ac \downarrow \frac{a \vee a}{a}$$

contraction

$$aw \downarrow \frac{\perp}{a}$$

weakening

$$ai \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

cut

$$ac \uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a}$$

cocontraction

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

coweakening

$$m \frac{(A \wedge B) \vee (C \wedge D)}{(A \vee C) \wedge (B \vee D)}$$

medial

$$s \frac{A \wedge (B \vee C)}{(A \wedge B) \vee C}$$

switch

equality $= \frac{A}{B}$ for :

$$A \wedge B = B \wedge A$$

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C = A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee B = B \vee A$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C = A \vee (B \vee C)$$

$$A \vee \perp = A = T \wedge A$$

$$\perp \vee \perp = \perp$$

$$T = T \wedge T$$



$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

a

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T} \rightarrow$$

T

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T} \rightarrow$$

$$= \frac{a}{a \wedge T}$$

T

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T} \rightarrow$$

$$= \frac{a}{a \wedge \frac{T}{\perp v T}}$$

T

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

→

$$= \frac{a}{a \wedge \frac{T}{\perp v T}}$$

$$s \frac{a}{(a \wedge \perp) v T}$$

T

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

$\rightarrow$

$$= \frac{a}{a \wedge \frac{T}{\perp \vee T}}$$

$$s \frac{a}{\left(a \wedge aw \downarrow \frac{\perp}{\bar{a}}\right) \vee T}$$

T

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

→

$$\begin{array}{c}
 = \frac{a}{\frac{a \wedge \frac{T}{\perp \vee T}}{s}} \\
 a \wedge aw \downarrow \frac{\perp}{\bar{a}} \vee T \\
 ai \uparrow \frac{\perp}{T}
 \end{array}$$

$$aw \uparrow \frac{a}{T}$$

→

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{a}{\frac{a \wedge \frac{T}{\perp \vee T}}{s}} \\
 &= \frac{a \wedge \frac{\perp}{\bar{a}} \vee T}{\frac{\perp}{T}}
 \end{aligned}$$

System KS + cut

$$ai \downarrow \frac{T}{a \vee \bar{a}}$$

identity

$$ac \downarrow \frac{a \vee a}{a}$$

contraction

$$aw \downarrow \frac{\perp}{a}$$

weakening

$$ai \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

cut

We can eliminate $ac \uparrow$, $aw \uparrow$ using their dual rules with switch, cut, identity and =

$$m \frac{(A \wedge B) \vee (C \wedge D)}{(A \vee C) \wedge (B \vee D)}$$

medial

$$s \frac{A \wedge (B \vee C)}{(A \wedge B) \vee C}$$

switch

equality $= \frac{A}{B}$ for :

$$A \wedge B = B \wedge A$$

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C = A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee B = B \vee A$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C = A \vee (B \vee C)$$

$$A \vee \perp = A = T \wedge A$$

$$\perp \vee \perp = \perp$$

$$T = T \wedge T$$



System KS

$$\text{ai} \downarrow \frac{T}{a \vee \bar{a}}$$

identity

$$\text{ac} \downarrow \frac{a \vee a}{a}$$

contraction

$$\text{aw} \downarrow \frac{\perp}{a}$$

weakening

$$\text{m} \frac{(A \wedge B) \vee (C \wedge D)}{(A \vee C) \wedge (B \vee D)}$$

medial

$$\text{s} \frac{A \wedge (B \vee C)}{(A \wedge B) \vee C}$$

switch

equality = $\frac{A}{B}$ for :

$$A \wedge B = B \wedge A$$

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C = A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee B = B \vee A$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C = A \vee (B \vee C)$$

$$A \vee \perp = A = T \wedge A$$

$$\perp \vee \perp = \perp$$

$$T = T \wedge T$$



Open deduction

$$\boxed{\pi}, \boxed{\Delta} ::= a \mid \bar{a} \mid \tau \mid \perp \mid \boxed{\pi} \vee \boxed{\Delta} \mid \boxed{\pi} \wedge \boxed{\Delta} \mid \frac{\boxed{\pi}}{\boxed{\Delta}}$$

Open deduction

$$\boxed{\pi}, \boxed{\Delta} ::= a \mid \bar{a} \mid \top \mid \perp \mid \boxed{\pi} \vee \boxed{\Delta} \mid \boxed{\pi} \wedge \boxed{\Delta} \mid \frac{\boxed{\pi}}{\boxed{\Delta}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{ai} \downarrow \quad \quad \quad 1 \\ \hline \boxed{\begin{array}{c} a \\ \text{ac} \uparrow \hline a \wedge a \end{array}} \vee \boxed{\begin{array}{c} \bar{a} \\ \text{ac} \uparrow \hline \bar{a} \wedge \bar{a} \end{array}} \\ \hline \text{m} \quad \quad \quad (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \end{array}$$

Open deduction

$$\boxed{\pi}, \boxed{\Delta} ::= a \mid \bar{a} \mid \top \mid \perp \mid \boxed{\pi} \vee \boxed{\Delta} \mid \boxed{\pi} \wedge \boxed{\Delta} \mid \frac{\boxed{\pi}}{\boxed{\Delta}}$$

we can sequentialise
derivations

$$\text{ai}\downarrow \frac{\text{1} \quad \boxed{\text{ac}\uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee \text{ac}\uparrow \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}}}{\text{m} \quad (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}$$

=

$$\text{ai}\downarrow \frac{\text{1} \quad \boxed{\text{ac}\uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee \bar{a}}}{\text{m} \quad (a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}$$

Open deduction

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{ai} \downarrow \frac{1}{\boxed{\text{ac} \uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee \text{ac} \uparrow \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}}} \\
 \text{m} \frac{}{(a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}
 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\Pi}, \boxed{\Delta} ::= a \mid \bar{a} \mid \top \mid \perp \mid \boxed{\Pi} \vee \boxed{\Delta} \mid \boxed{\Pi} \wedge \boxed{\Delta} \mid \frac{\boxed{\Pi}}{\boxed{\Delta}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{ai} \downarrow \frac{1}{a \vee \bar{a}} \\
 \text{---} \\
 K \left\{ \text{ac} \uparrow \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \right\} \\
 \text{---} \\
 \text{m} \frac{(a \vee \bar{a}) \vee \boxed{\text{ac} \uparrow \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}}}{(a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}
 \end{array}$$

where $K\{\} = \{\} \vee \bar{a}$

$K\{\}$ is a formula context : a formula with a hole

We can make deep cuts shallow in KS + cut :



$$\Phi = \frac{\textcircled{H}}{\mathcal{K} \left\{ a_i \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \right\}} \Omega$$

We can make deep cuts shallow in KS + cut :



$$\Phi = \frac{\textcircled{H}}{K \left\{ a_i \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \right\}}_{\Omega} \longrightarrow \Phi' = \frac{\textcircled{H}'}{a_i \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \vee C}_{\Omega'}$$

We can make deep cuts shallow in KS + cut :



$$\frac{\frac{\textcircled{H}}{\text{-----}}}{\frac{K \left\{ \text{ai} \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \right\}}{\text{-----}}} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \frac{\frac{\textcircled{H}'}{\text{-----}}}{\frac{\text{ai} \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \vee C}{\text{-----}}} \quad \frac{}{\Omega}$$

Proof is by induction on the structure of $K\{\}$ - try it!

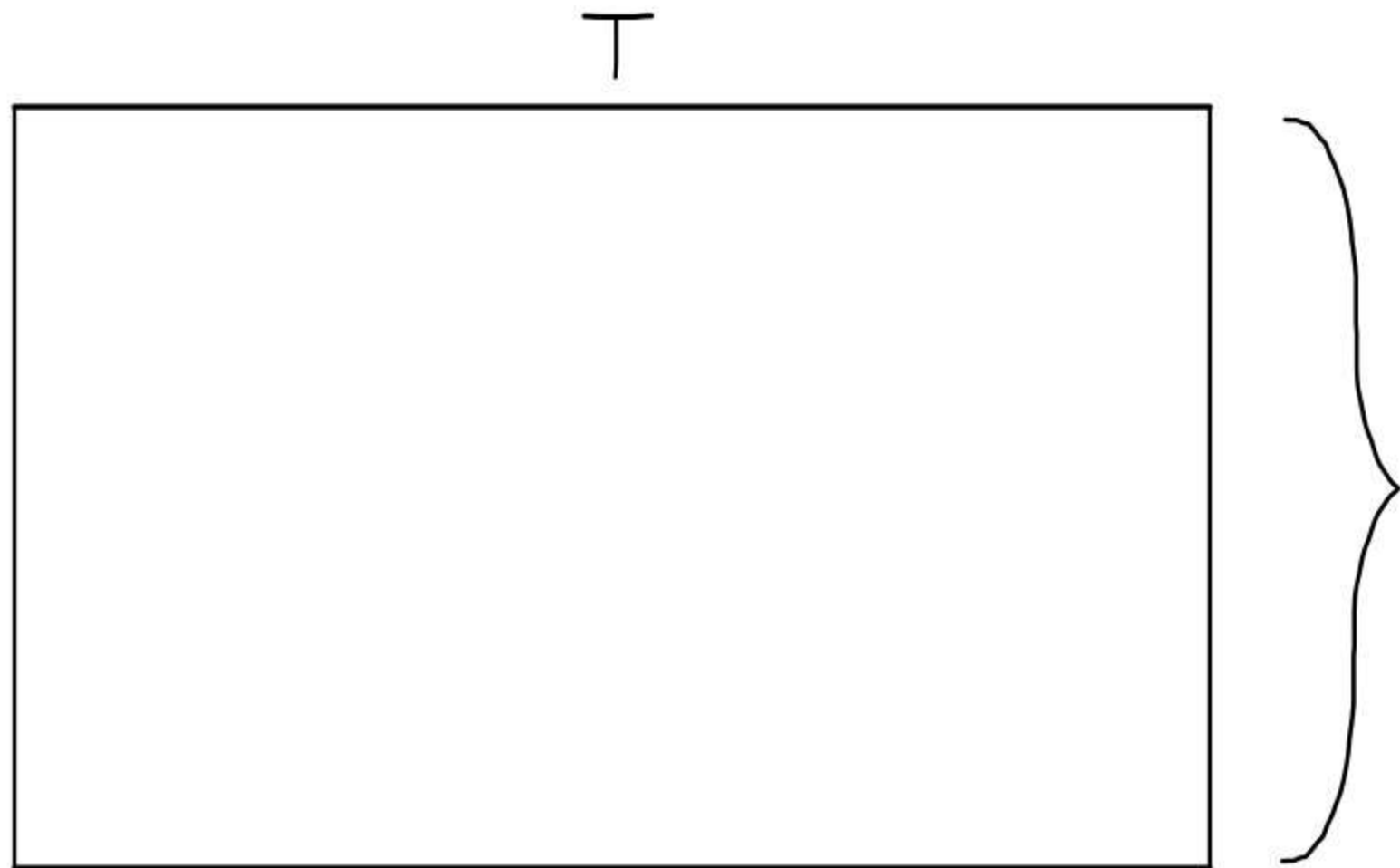
Any proof Φ in KS + cut can be transformed to

$$\Phi \longrightarrow \Psi = \frac{\frac{\Pi}{\text{-----}}}{\text{ai} \uparrow \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp} \vee C} \frac{\text{-----}}{\Omega}$$



where Π has no cuts

$$\Pi =$$

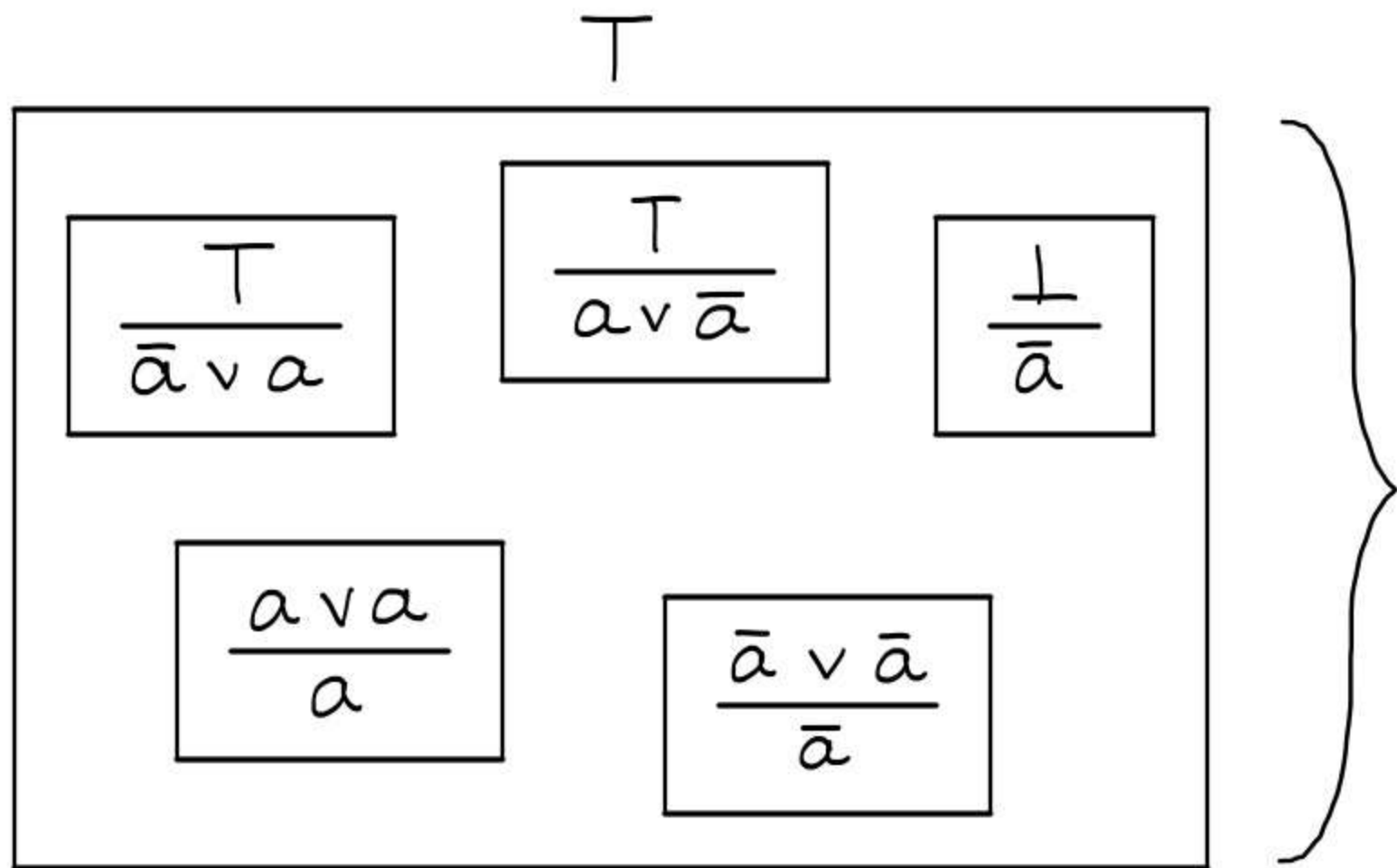


KS

$a_i \downarrow$	$a_c \downarrow$	$a_w \downarrow$
s	m	=

$$C \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

$\Pi =$

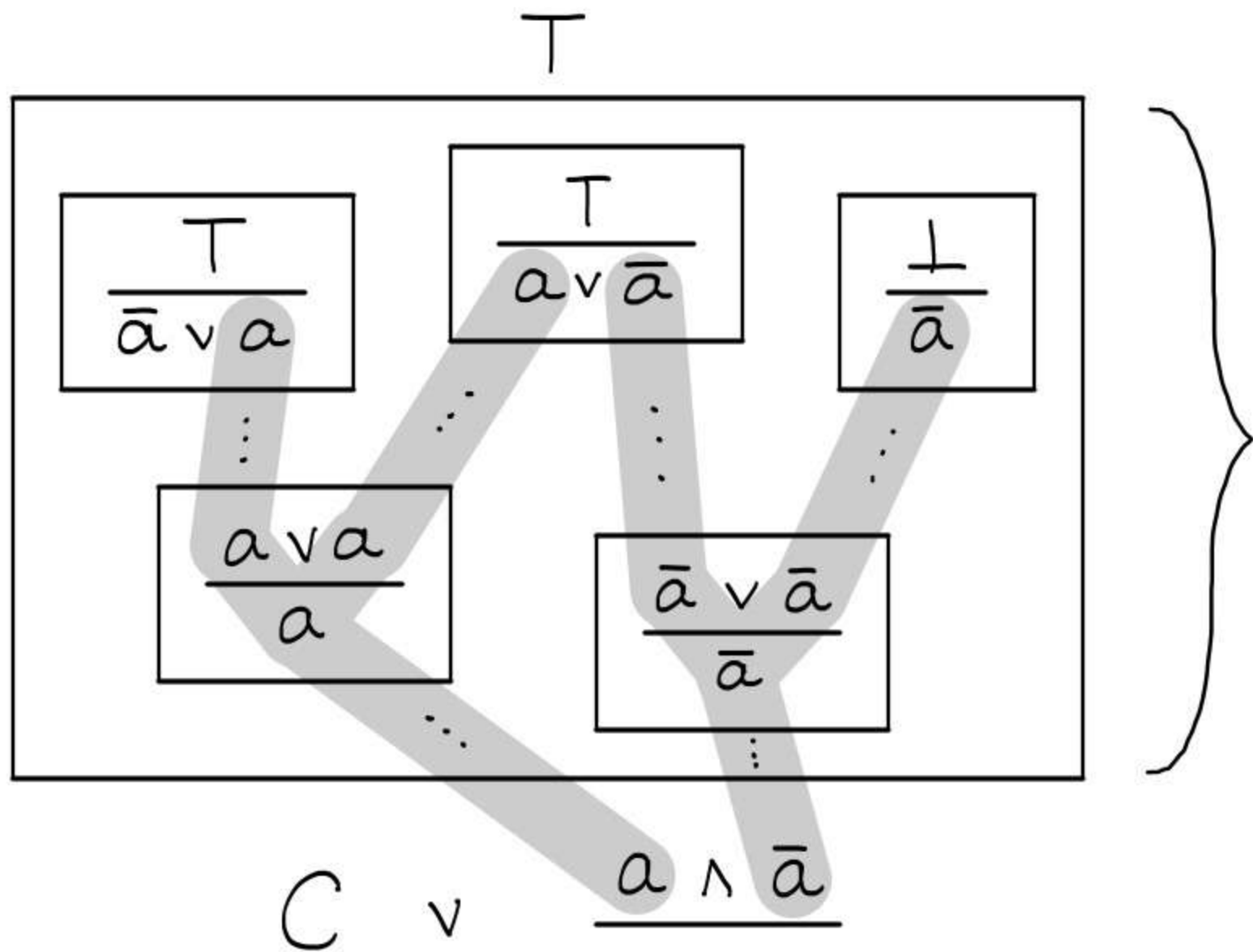


KS

$a_i \downarrow$	$a_c \downarrow$	$a_w \downarrow$
s	m	=

$$C \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

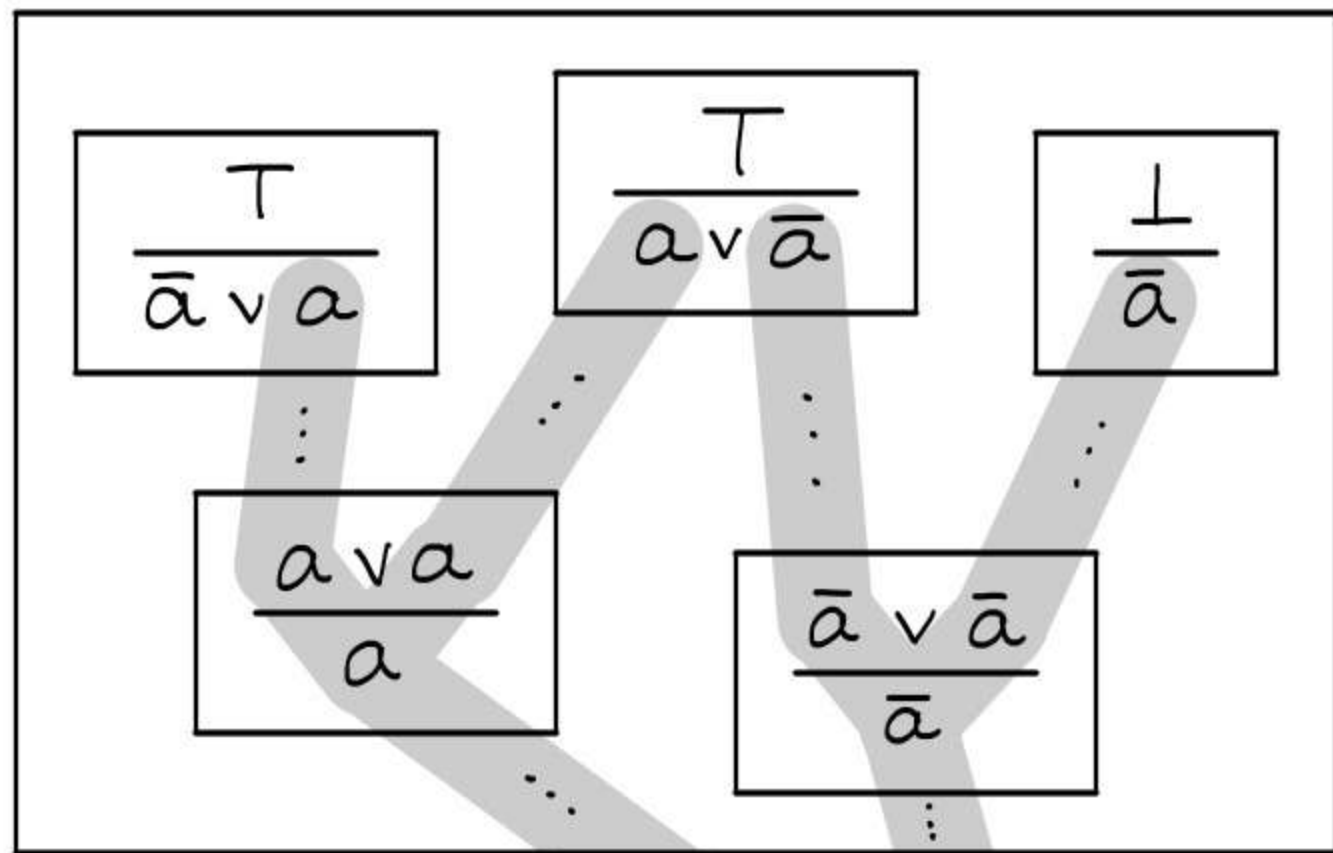
$\Pi =$



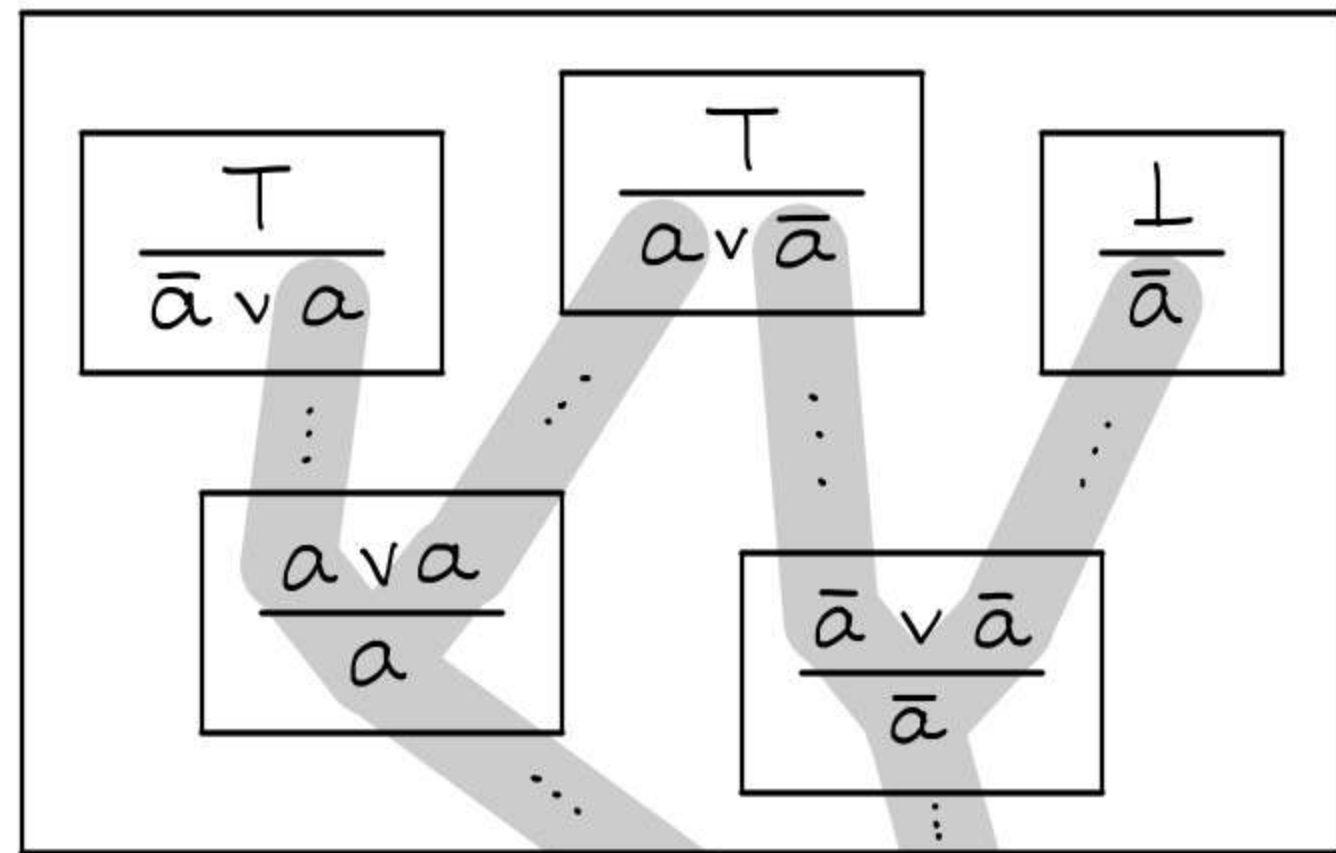
KS

$a_i \downarrow$ $a_c \downarrow$ $a_w \downarrow$
 s m $=$

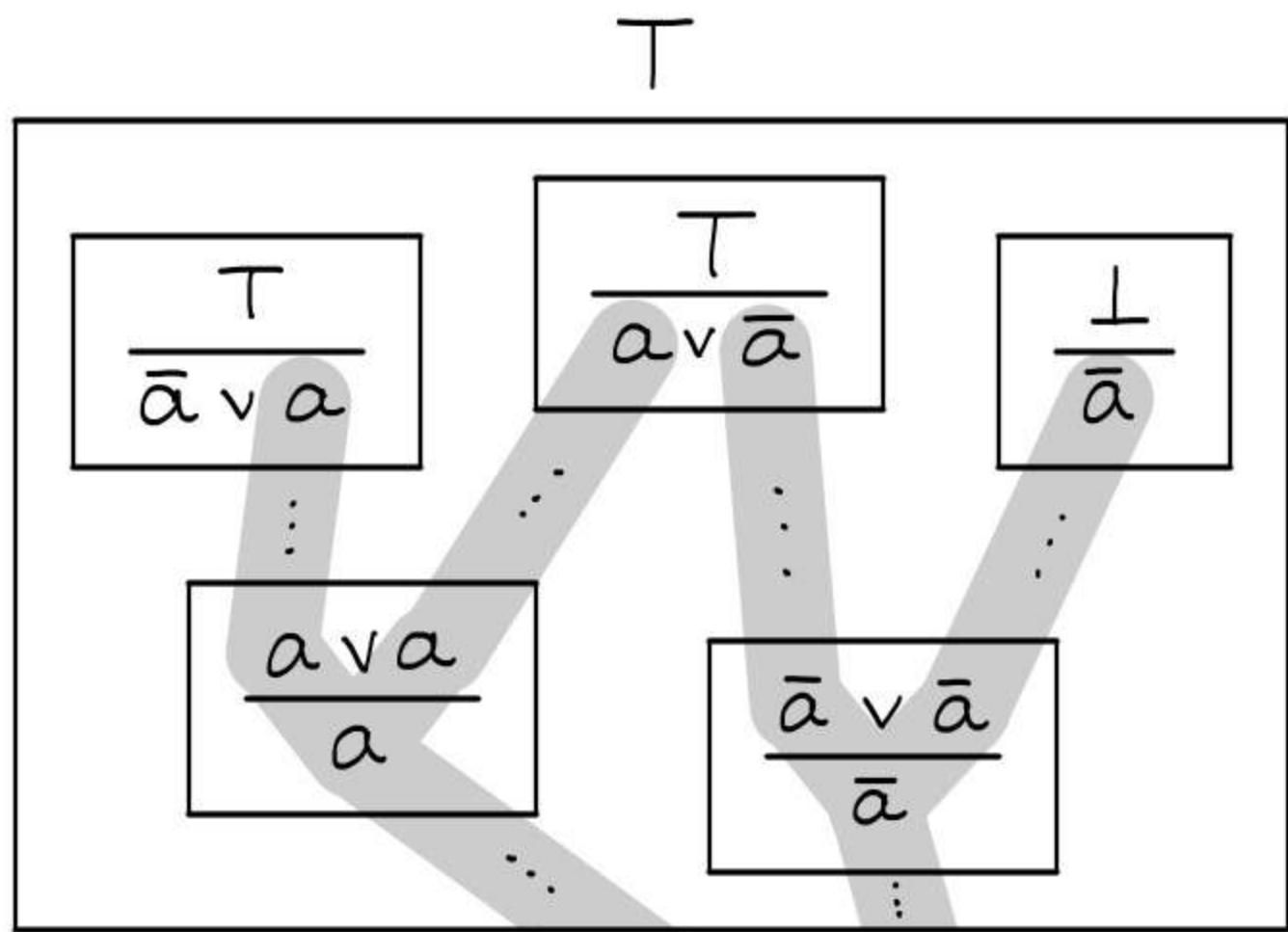
$\top$ make two copies of Π



$$C \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

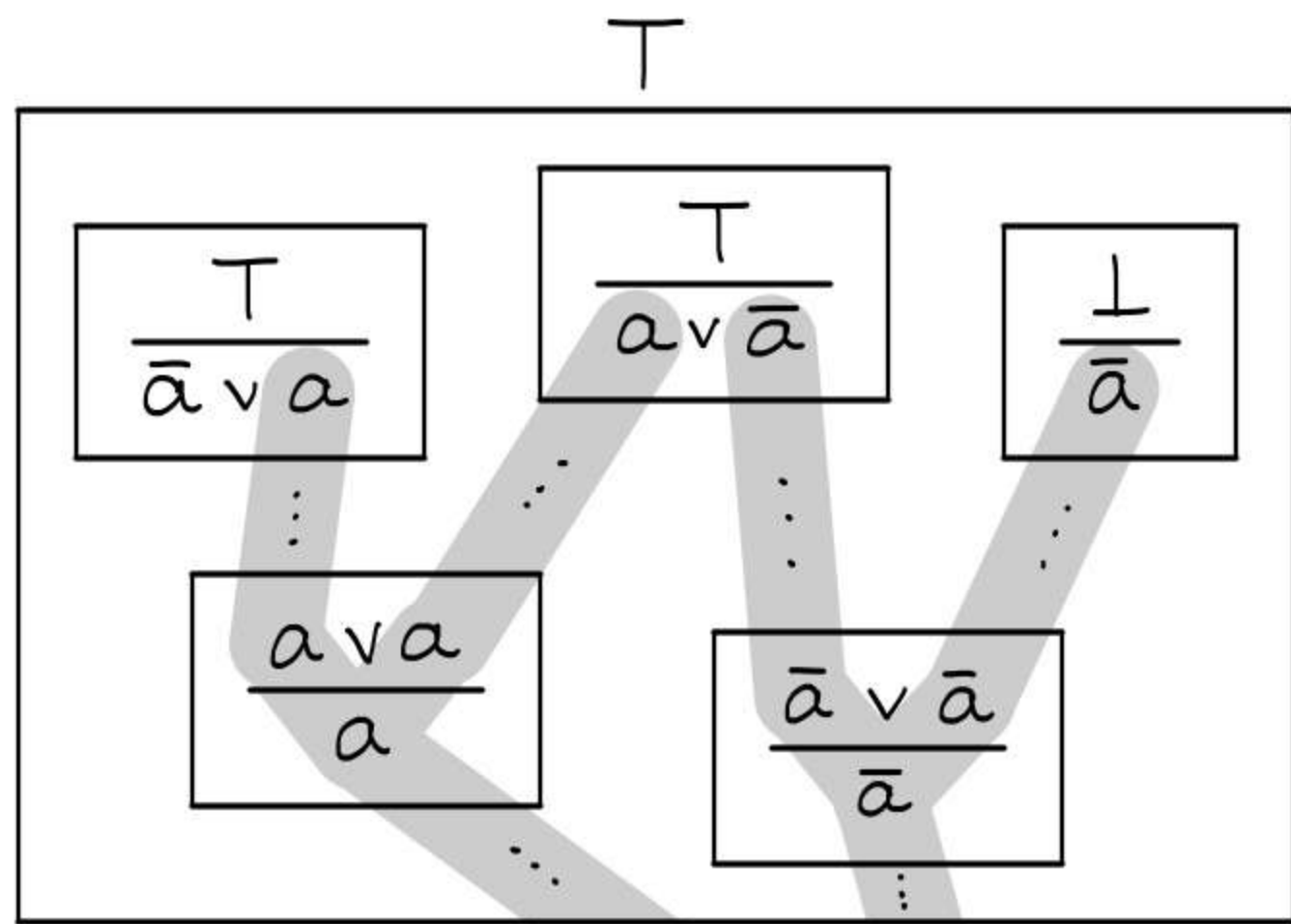


$$C \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

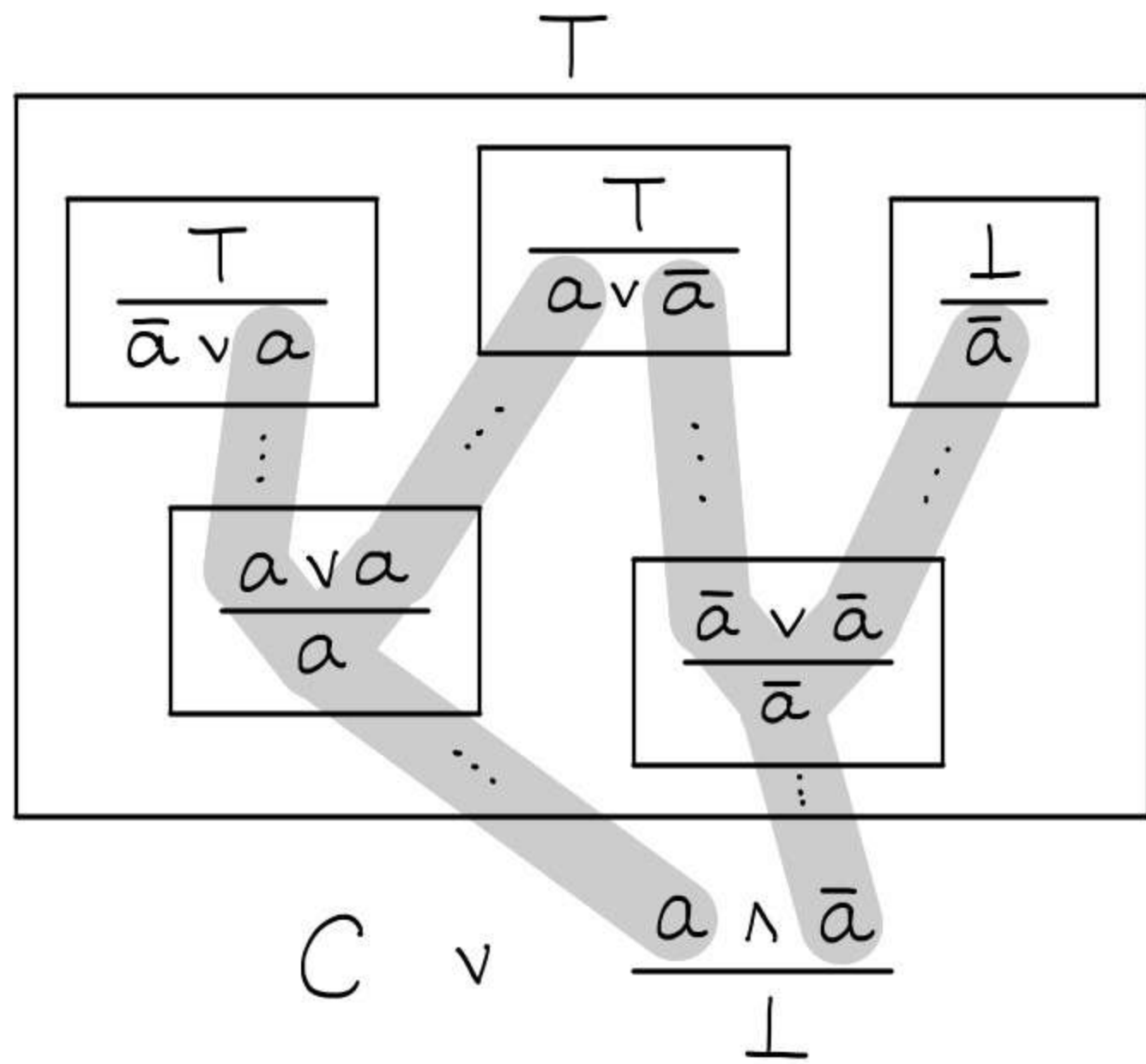
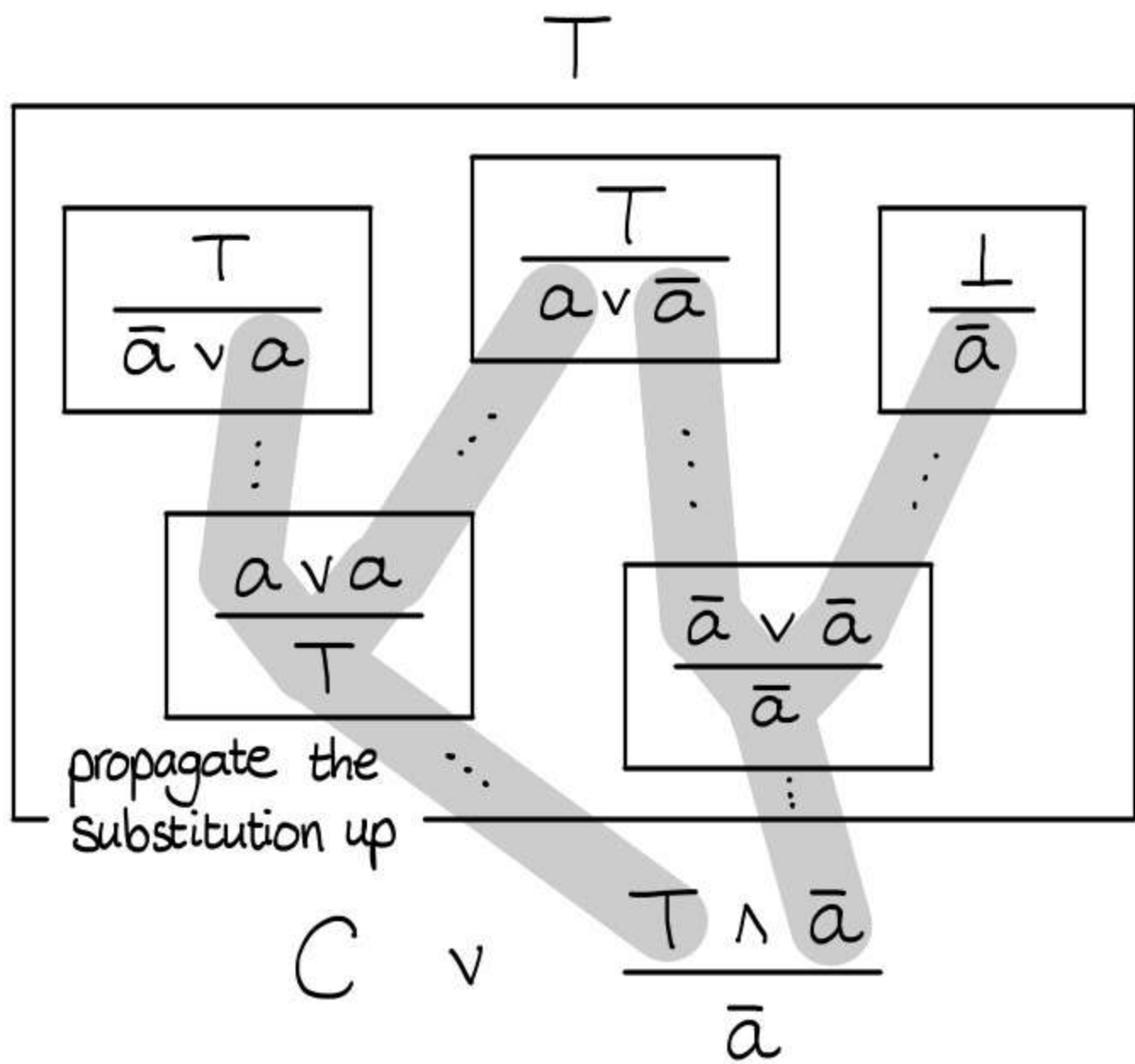


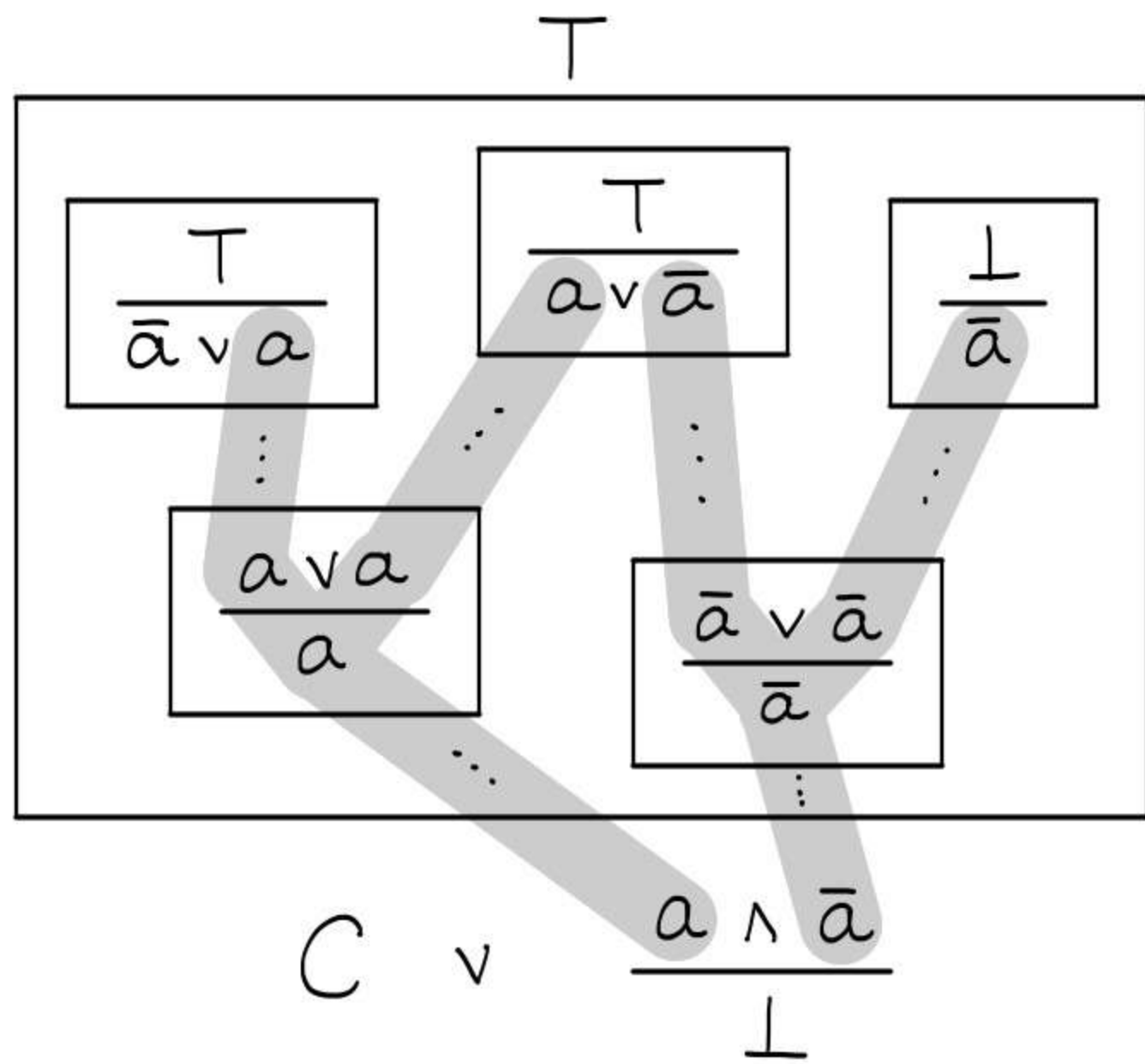
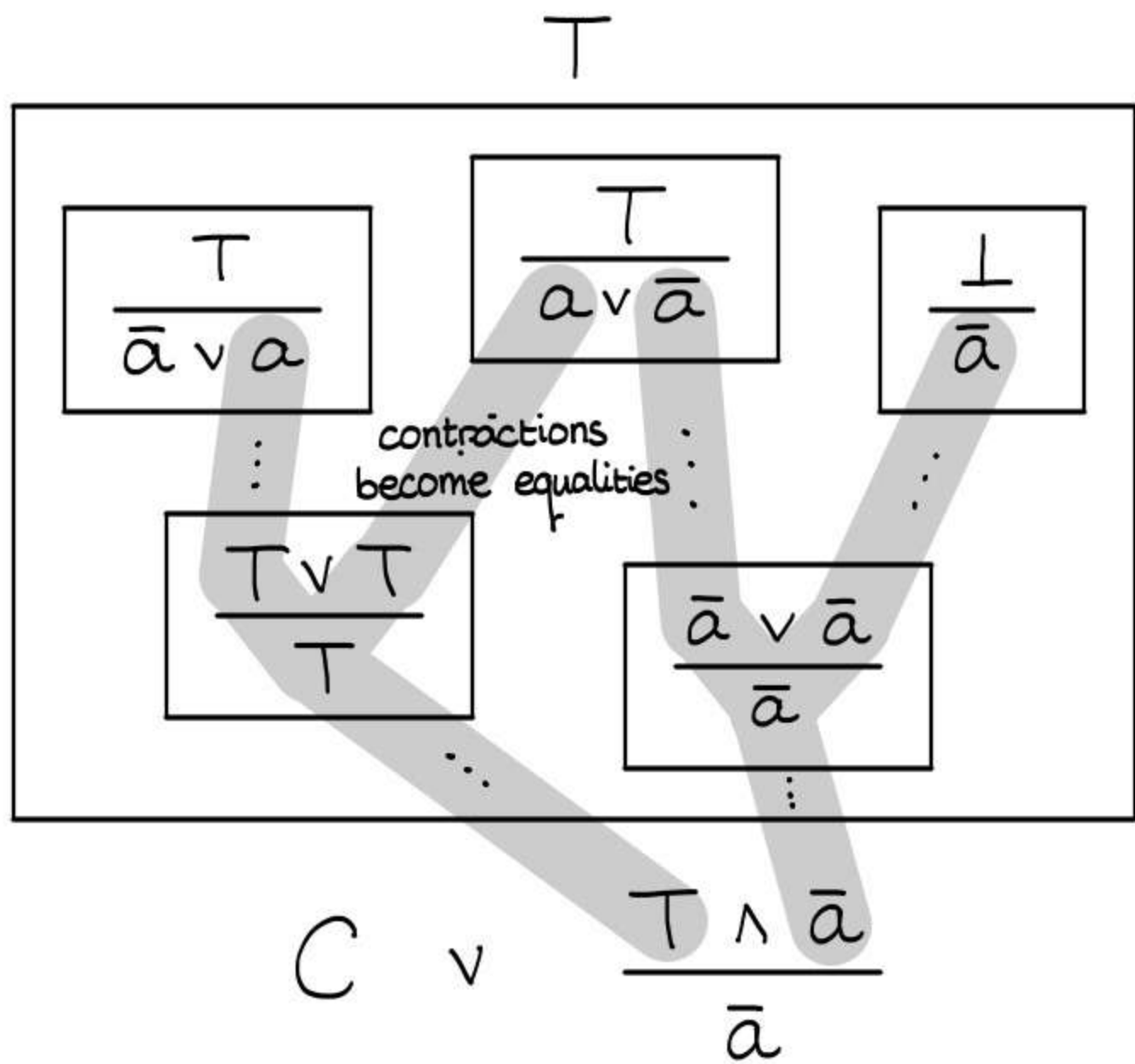
$$C \vee \frac{T \wedge \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}$$

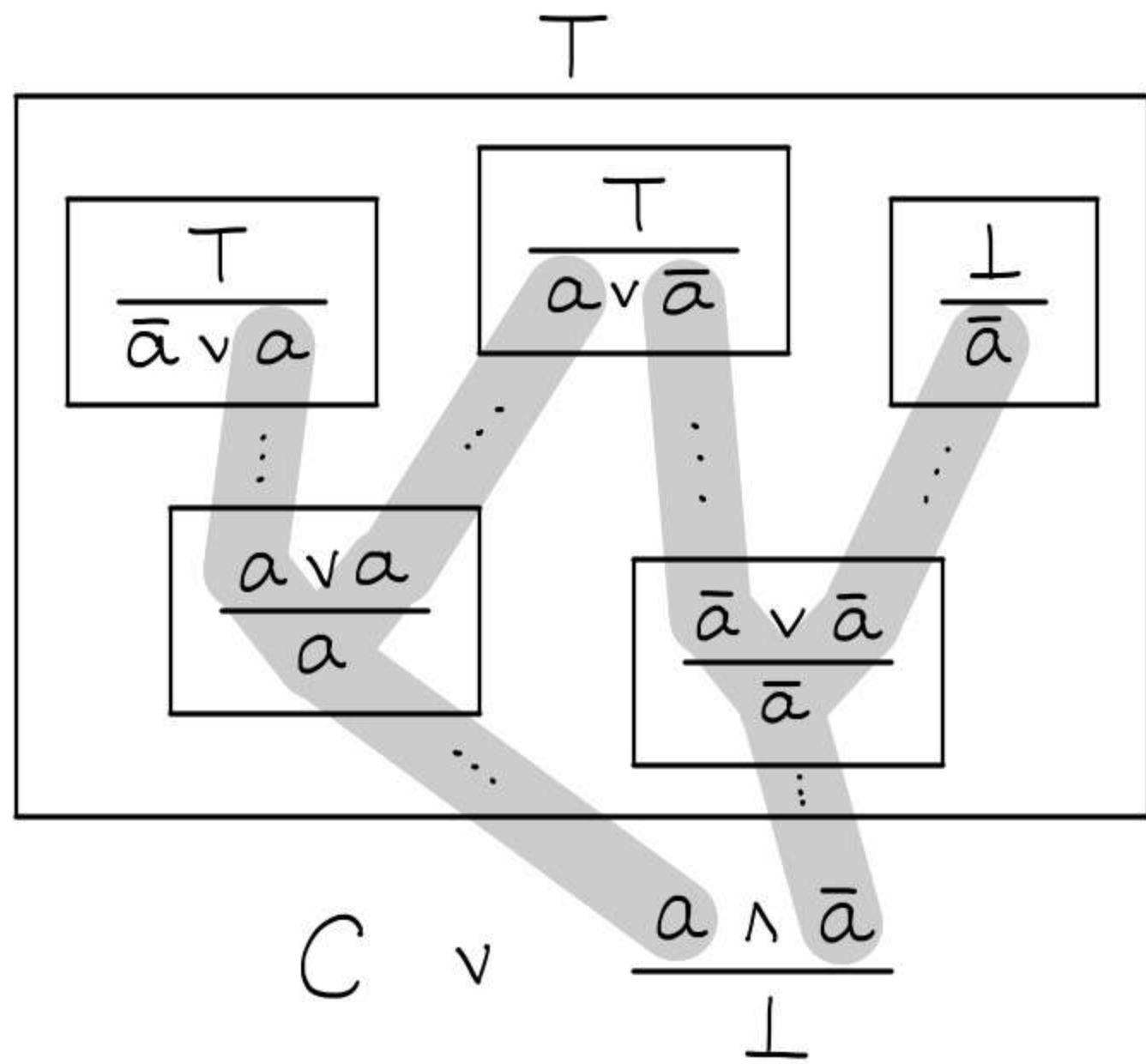
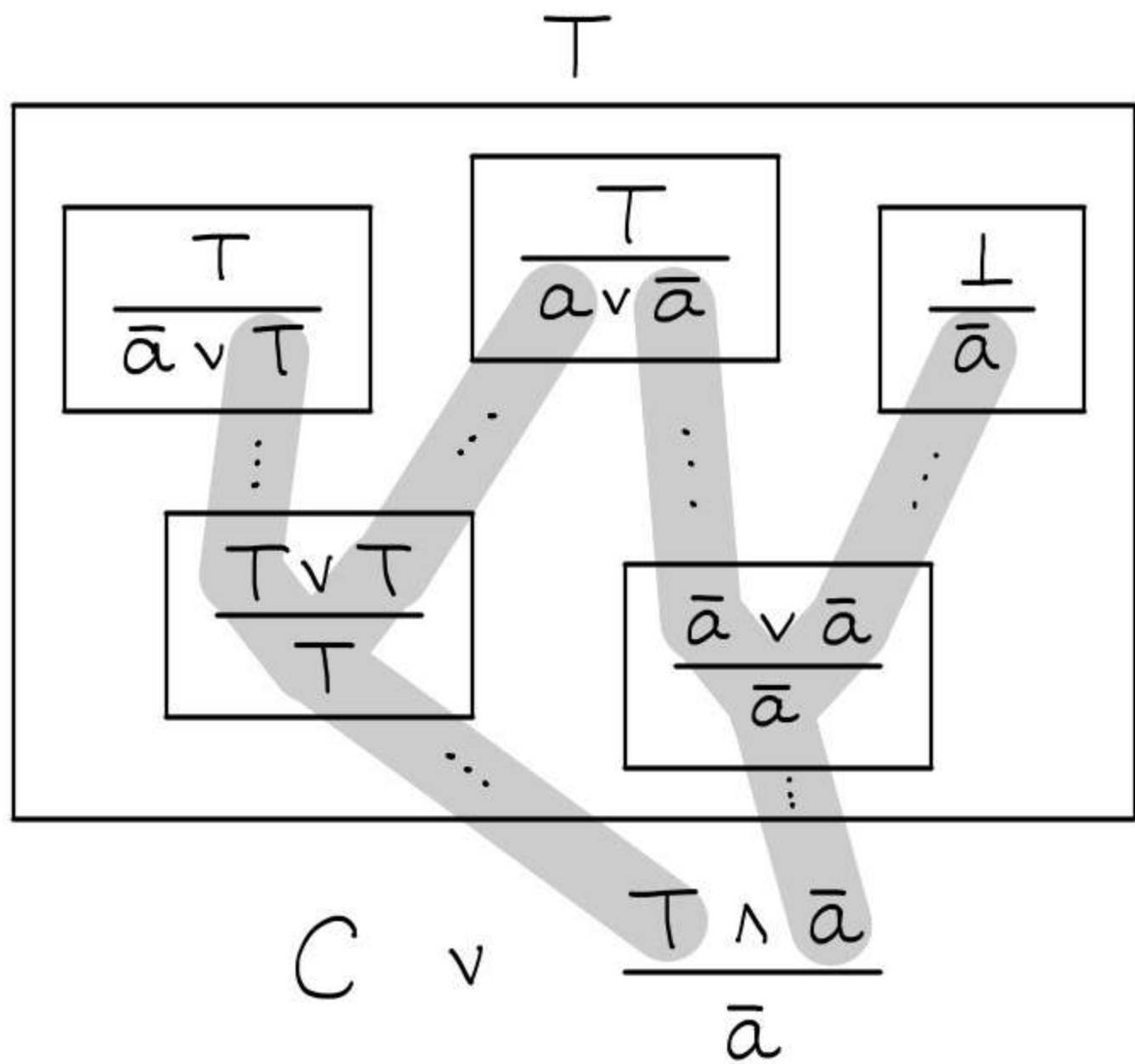
replace a by T
in the conclusion

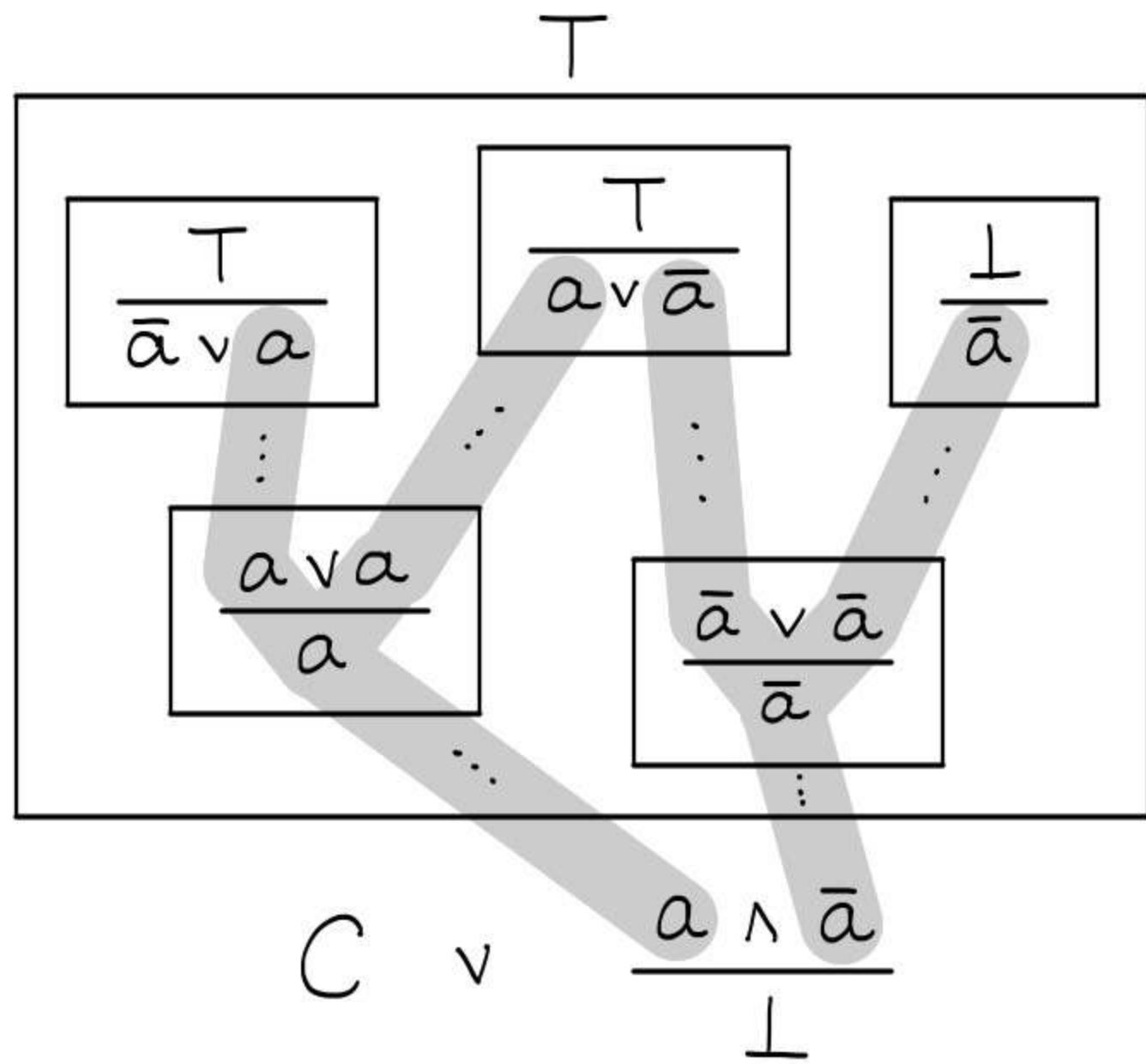
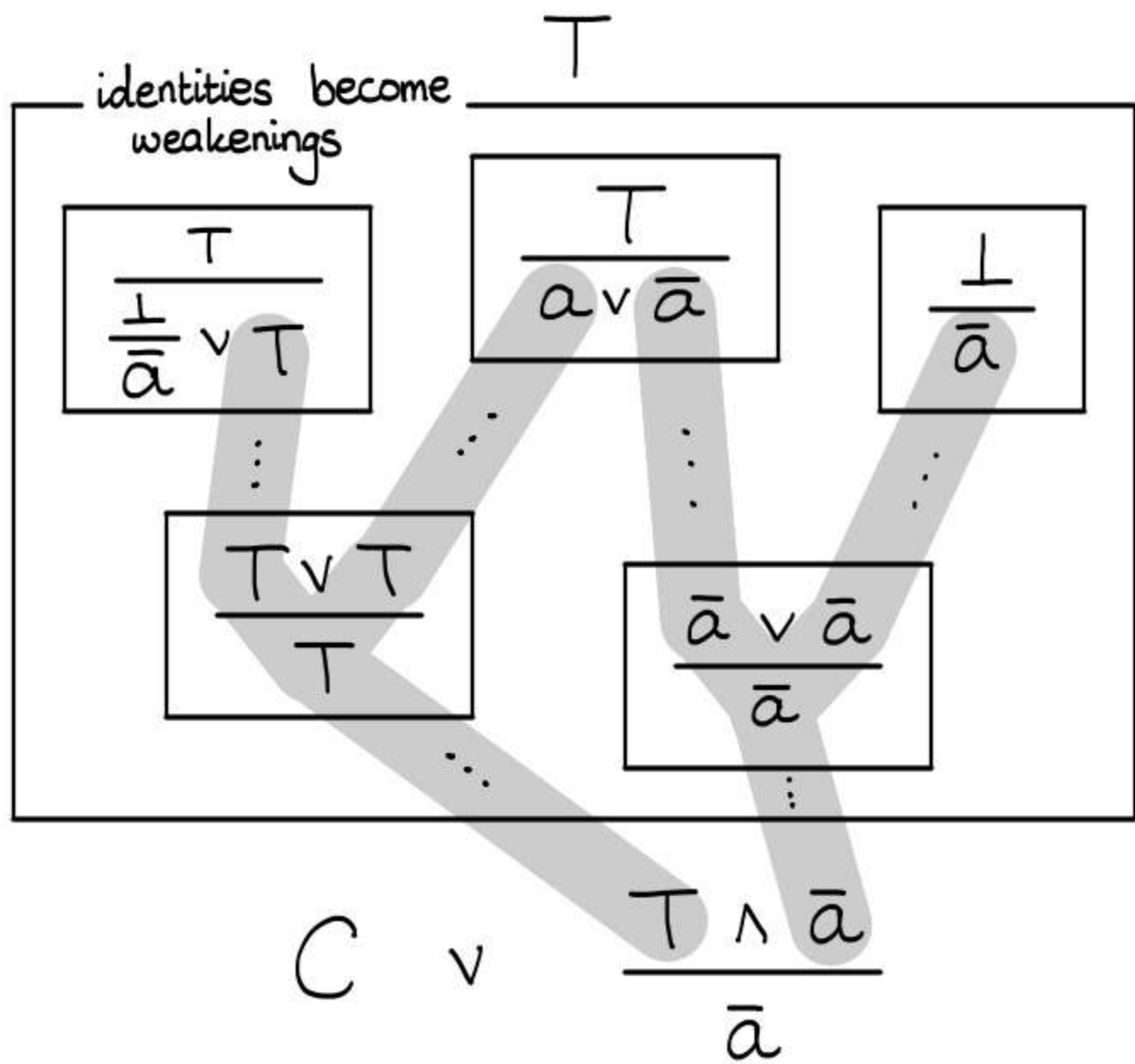


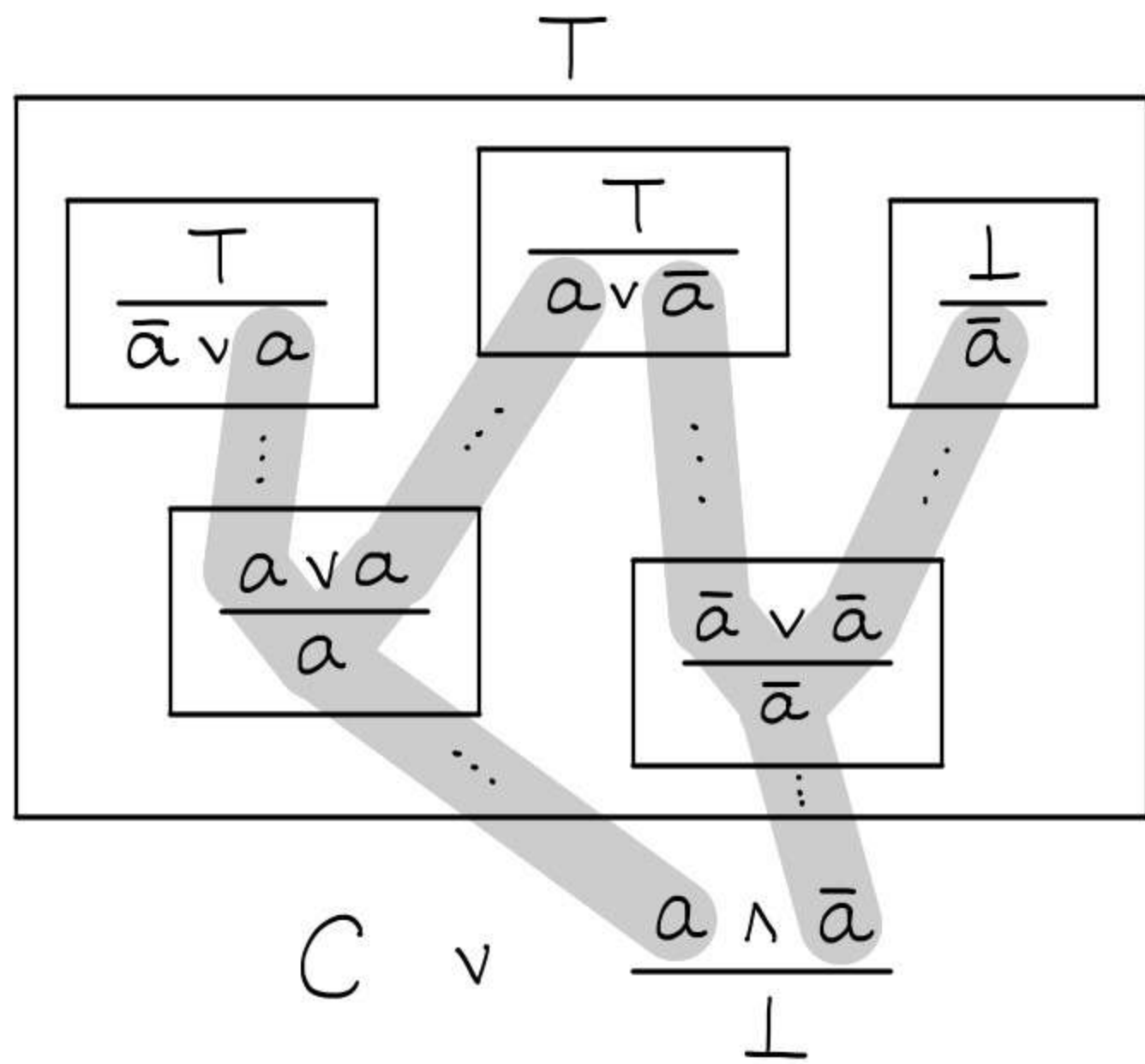
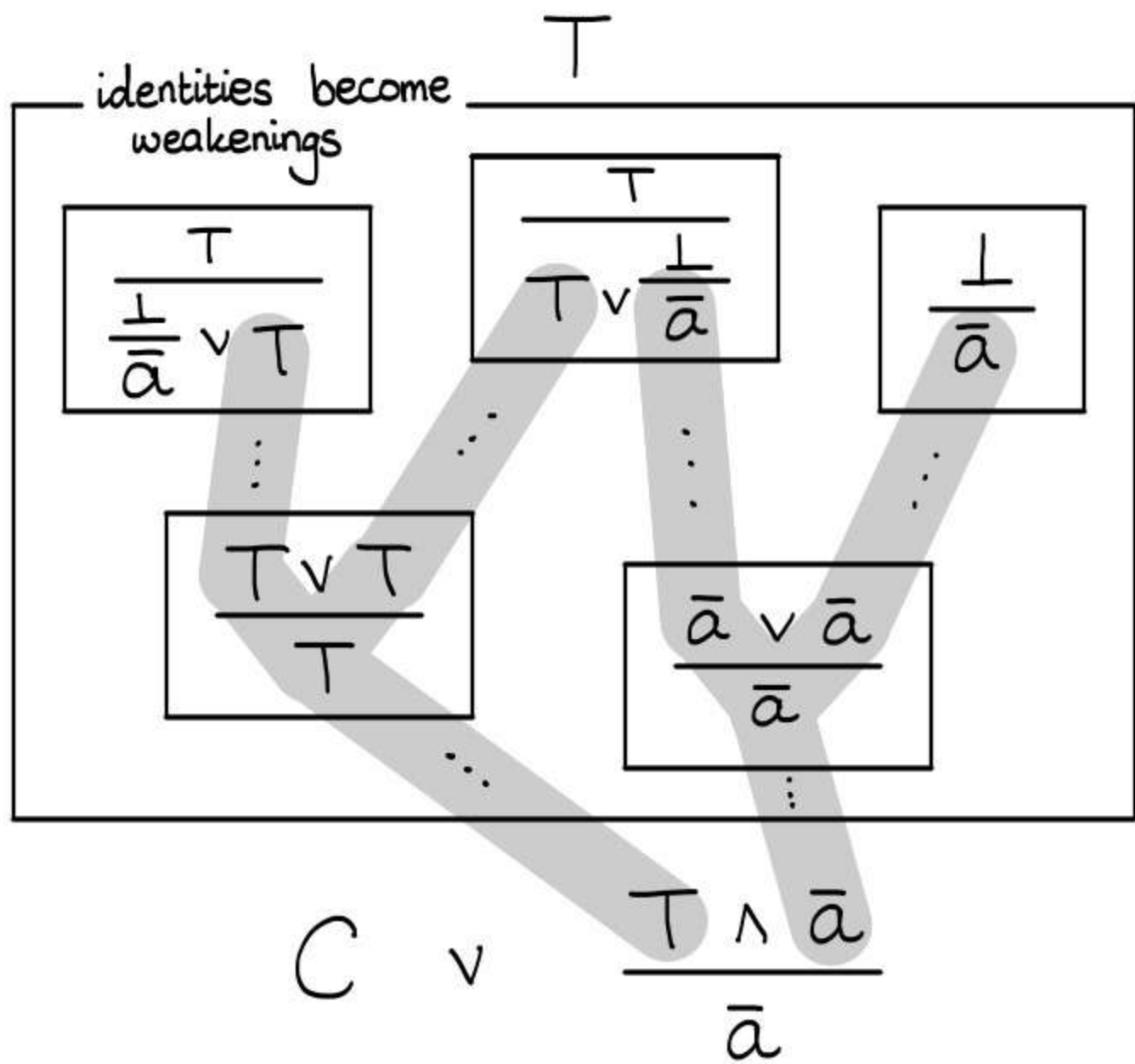
$$C \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{\perp}$$

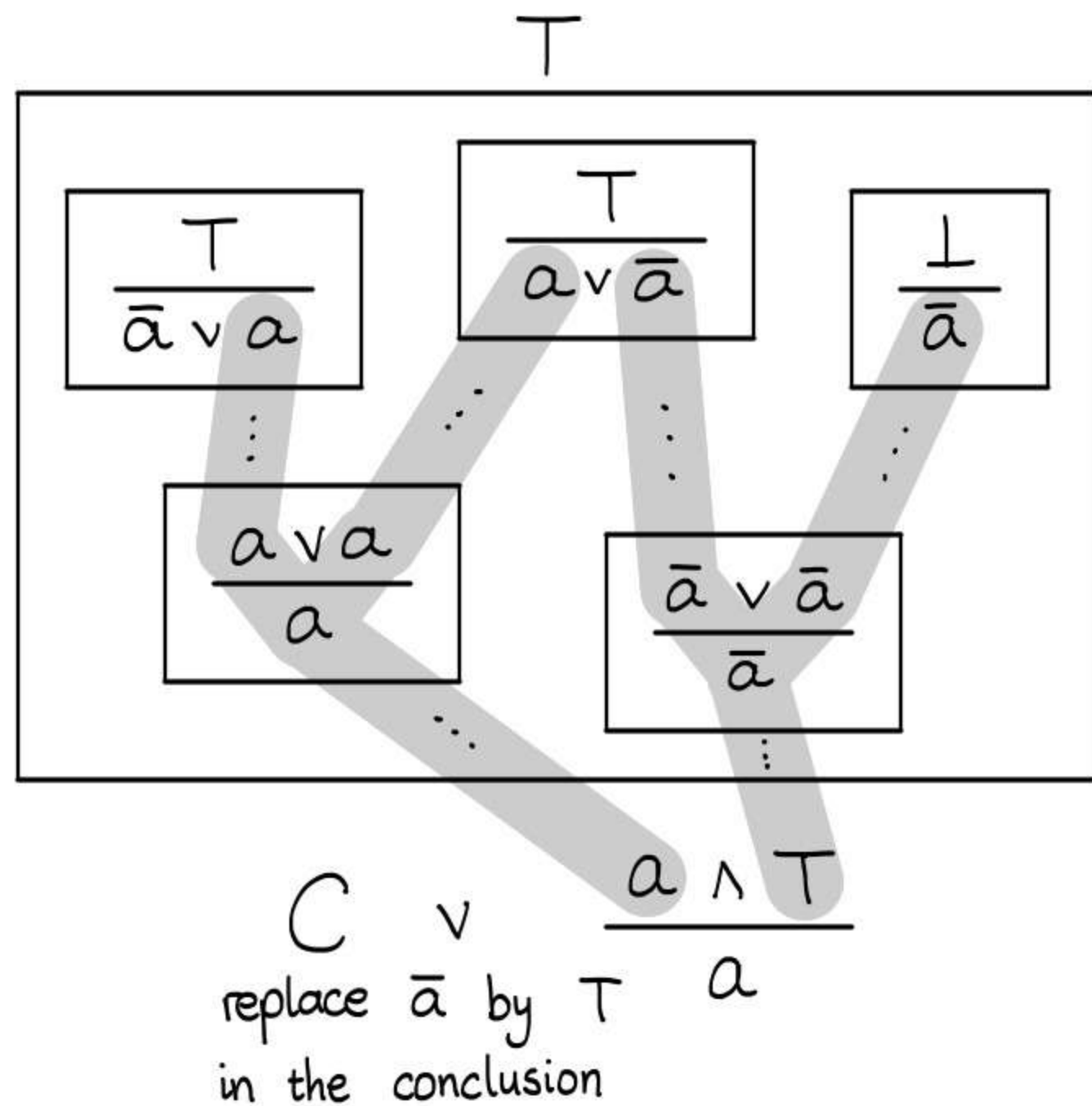
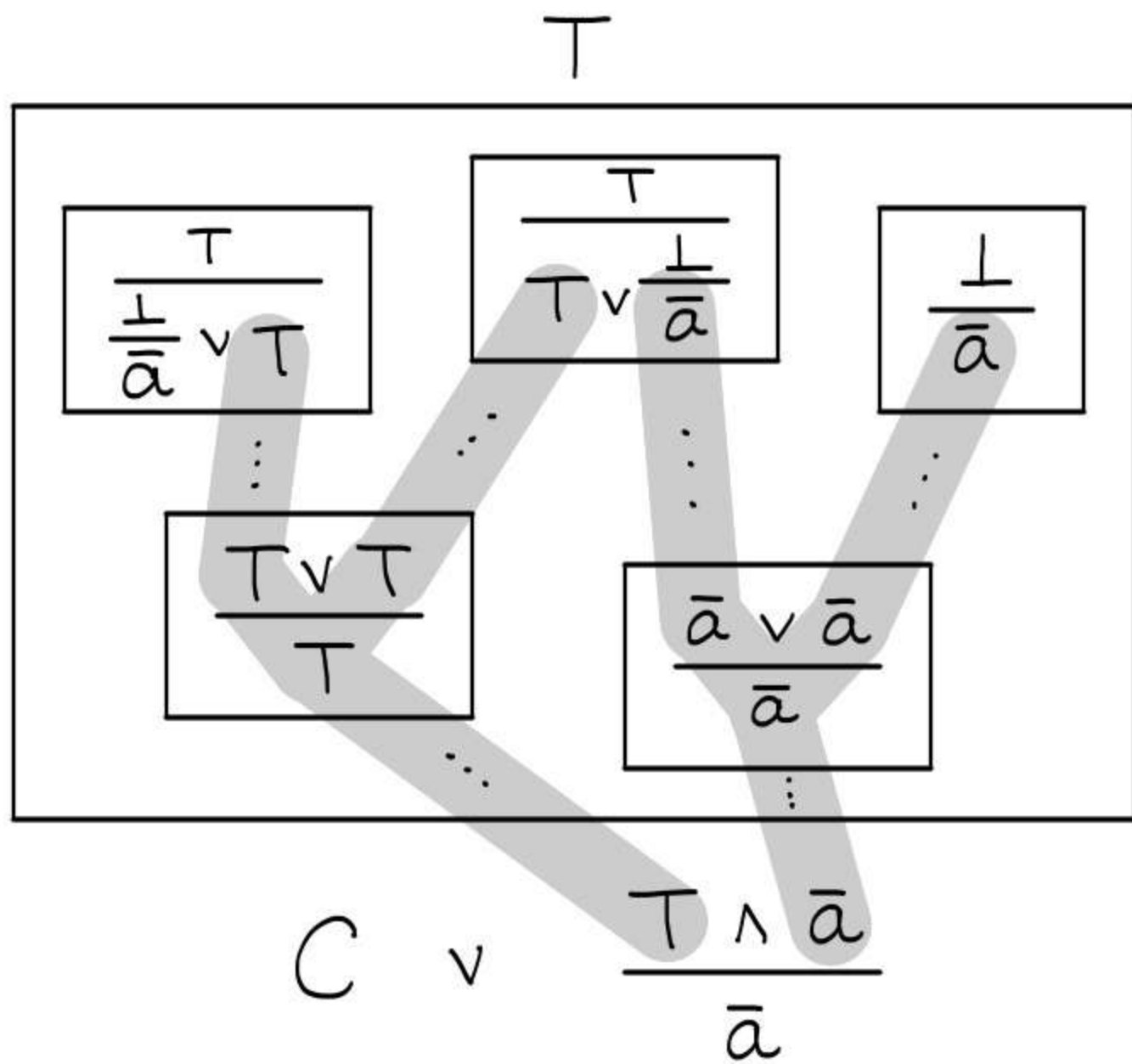


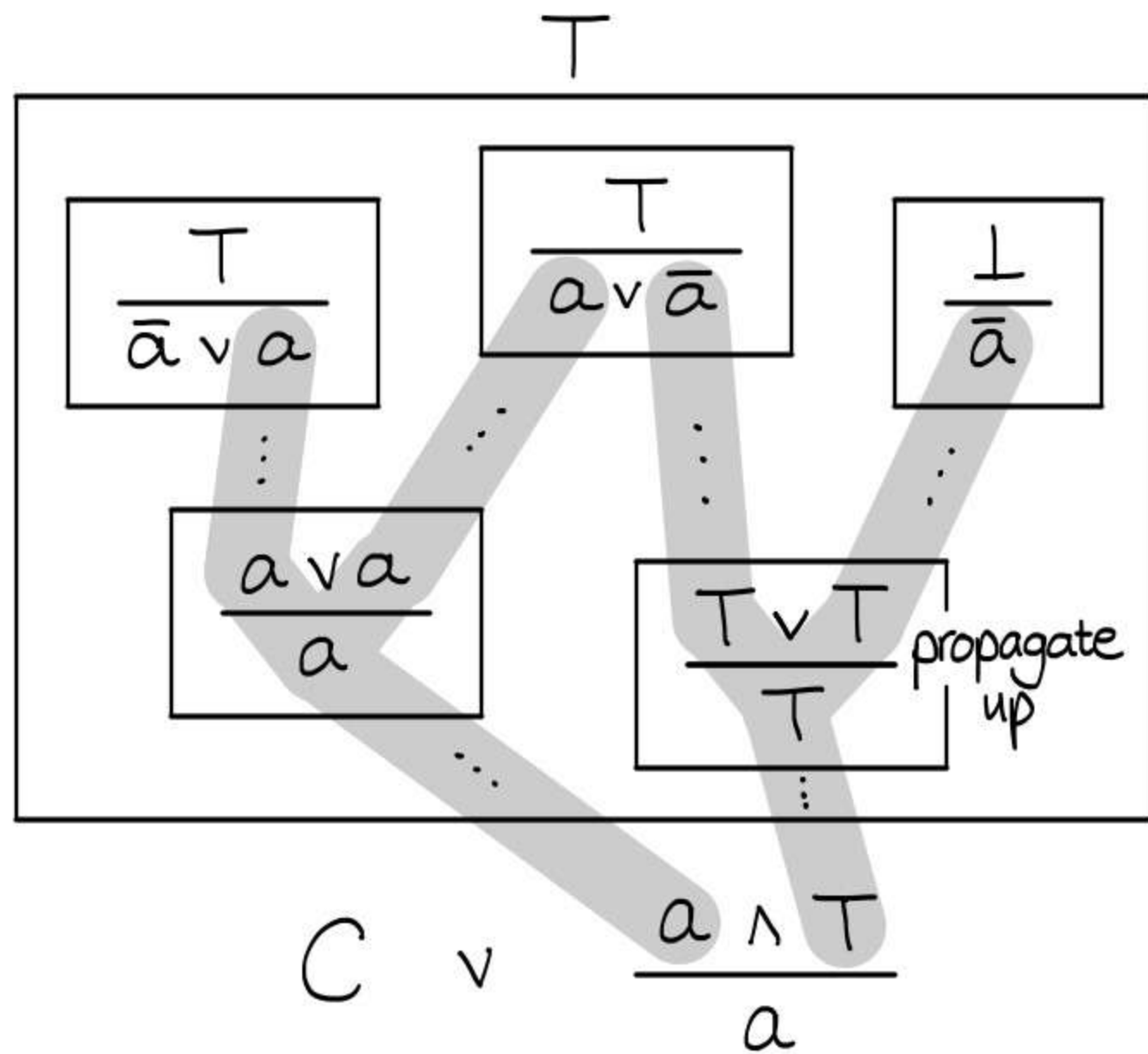
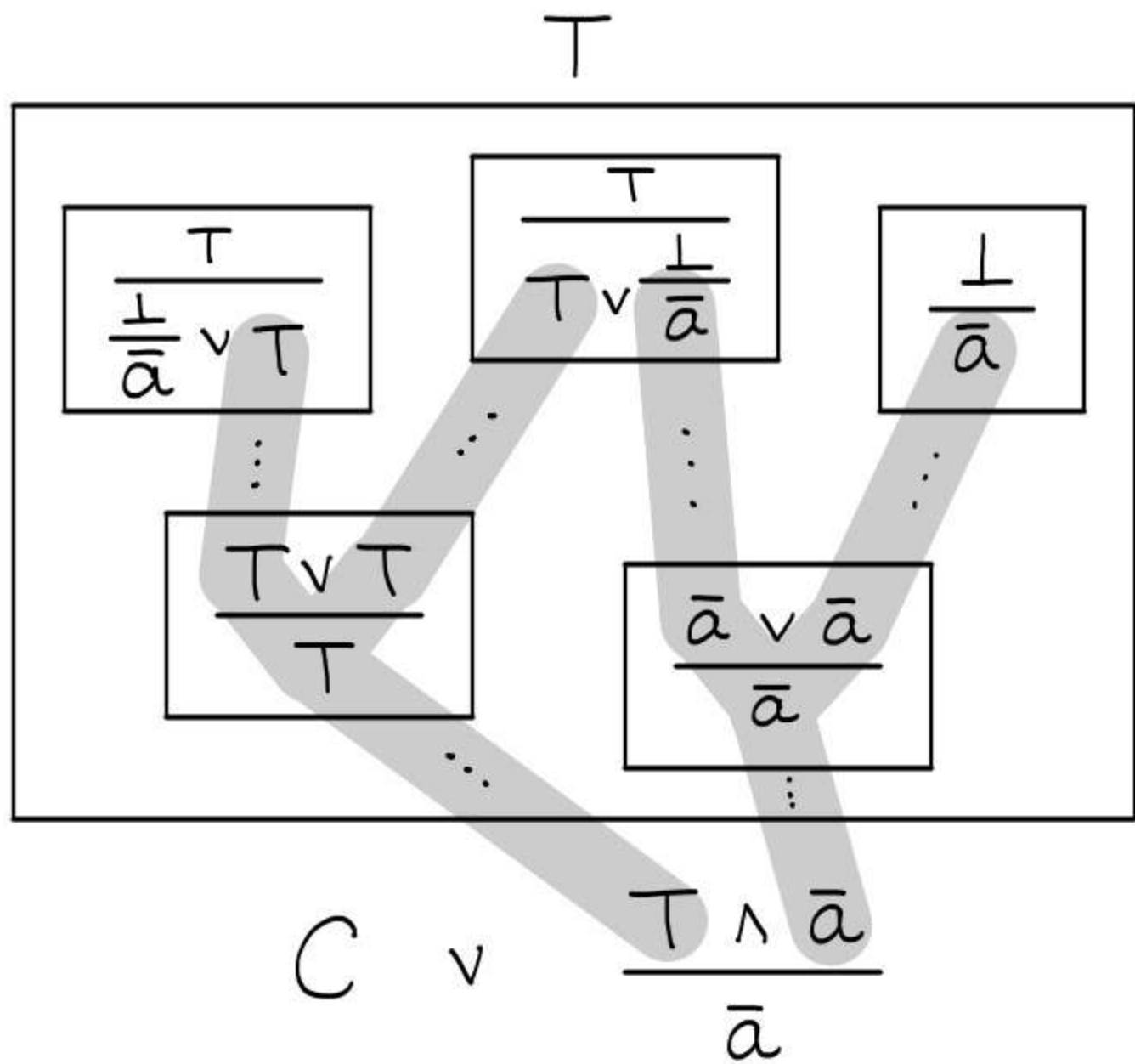


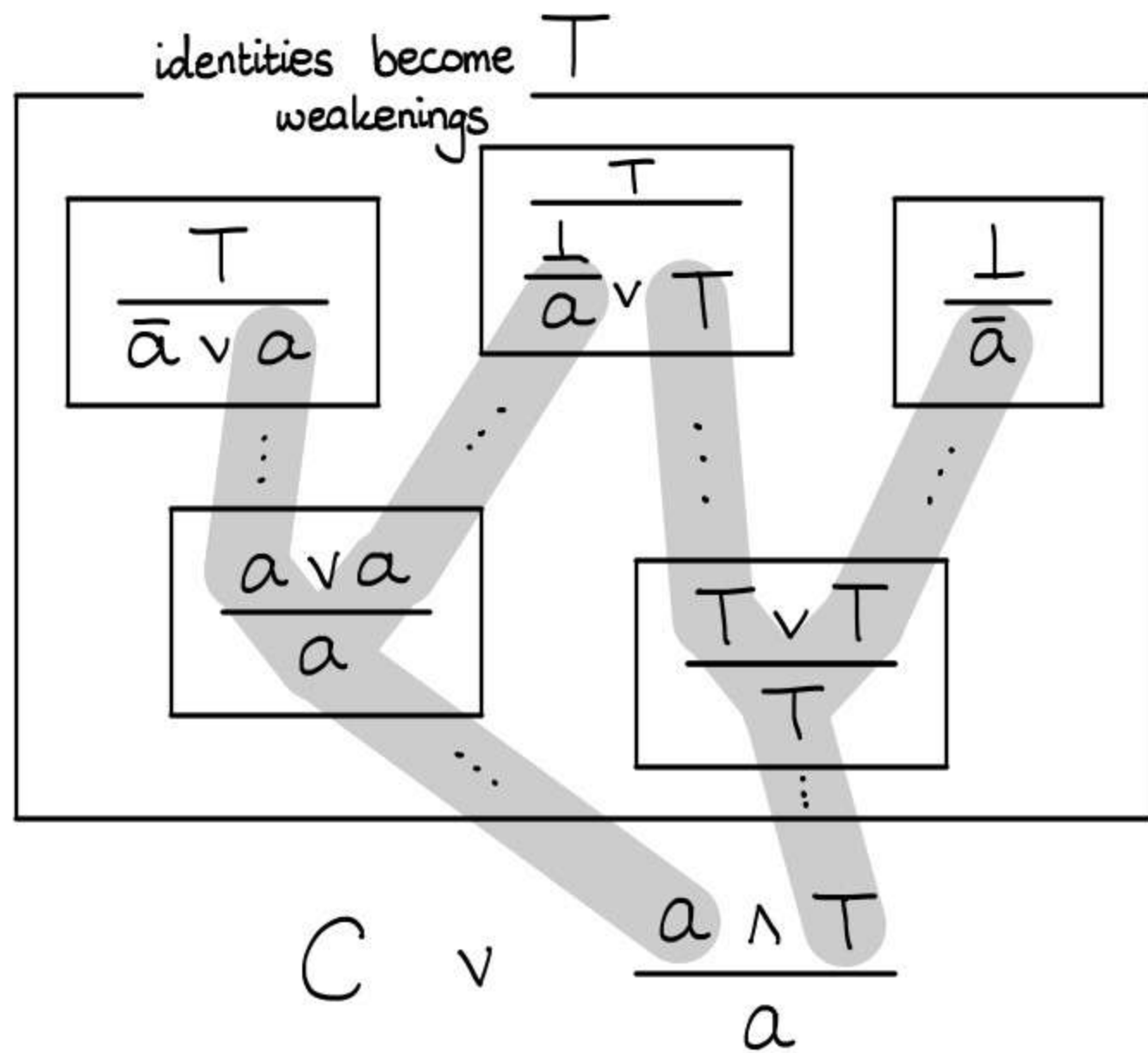
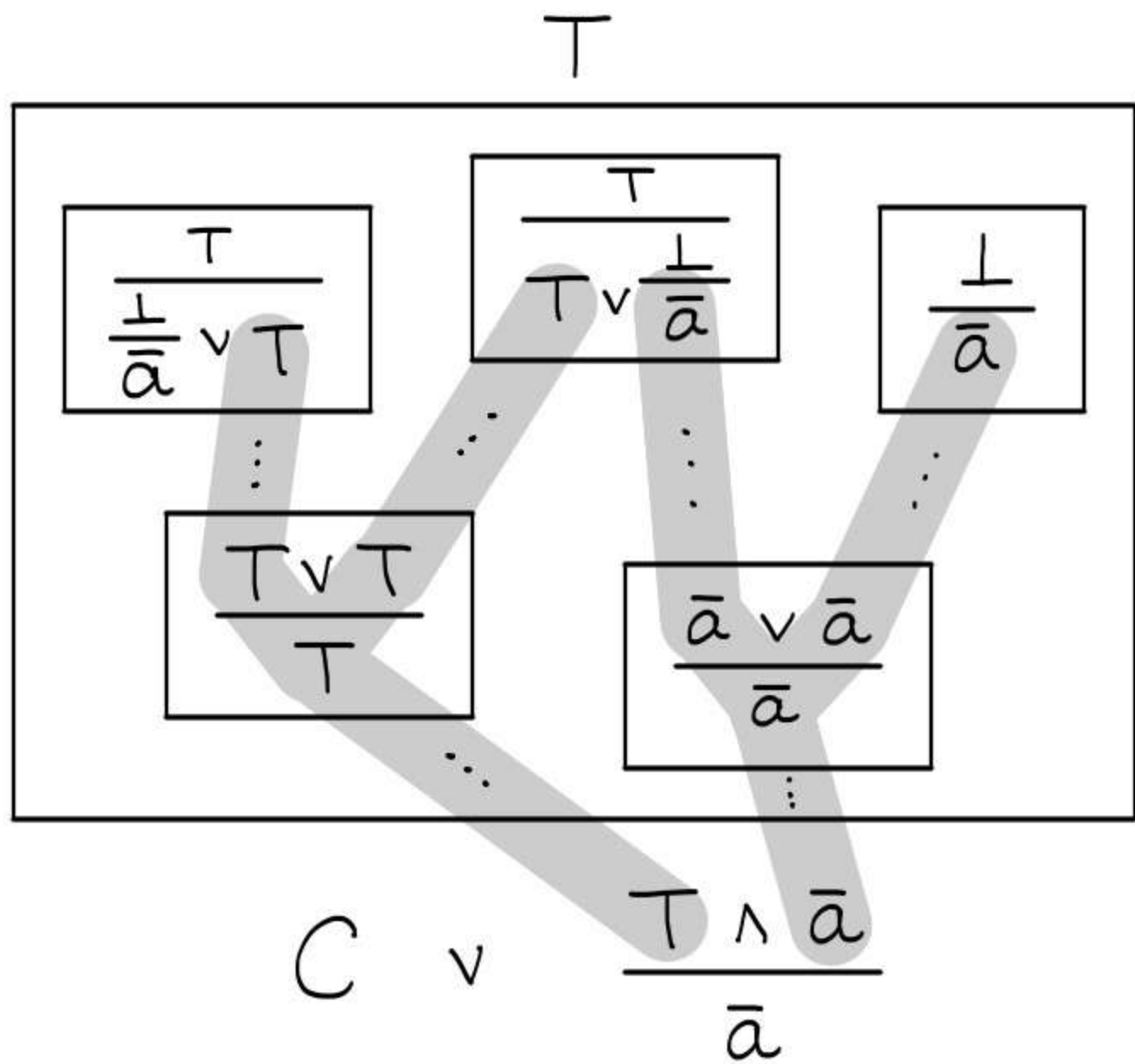


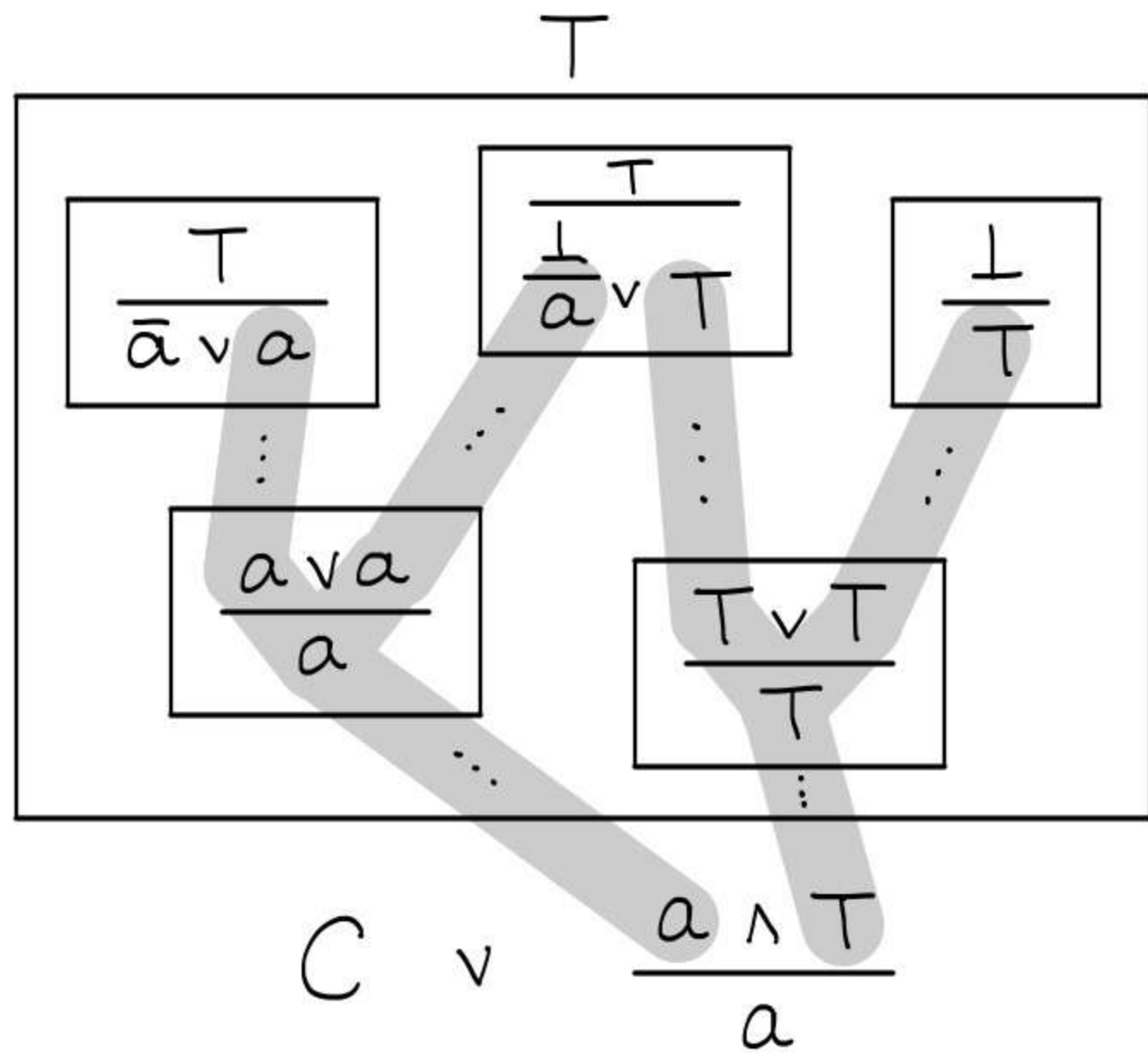
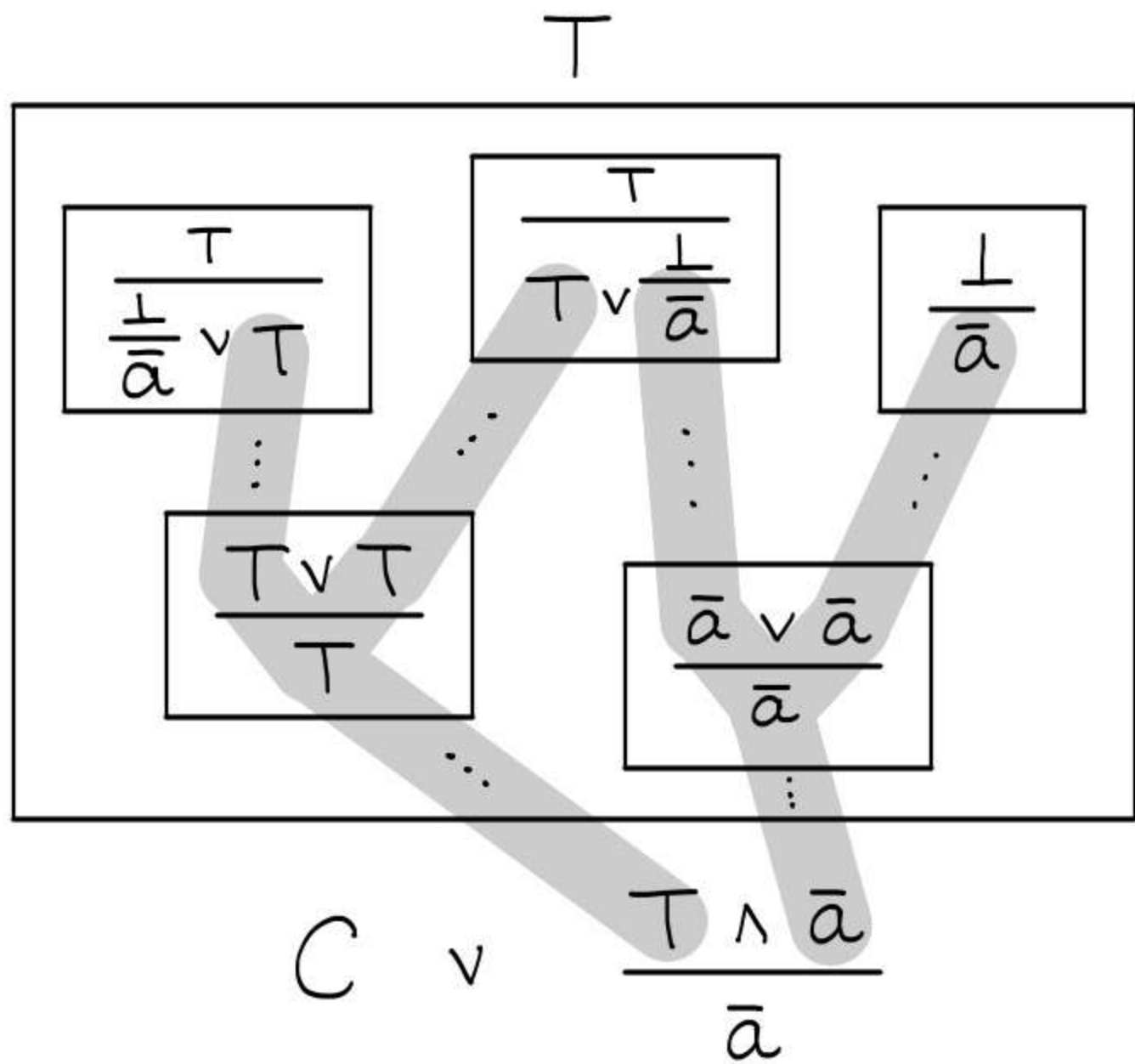


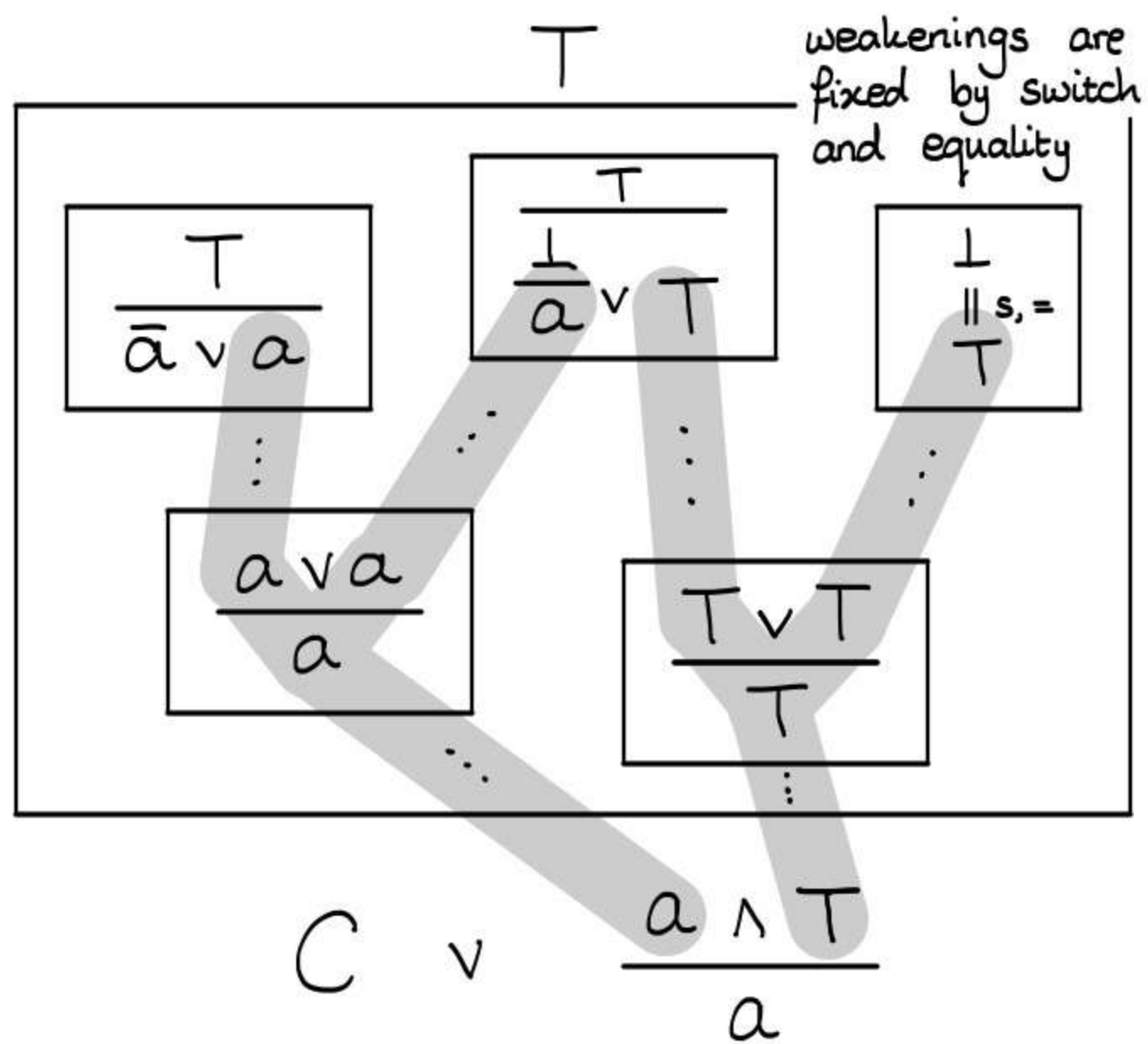
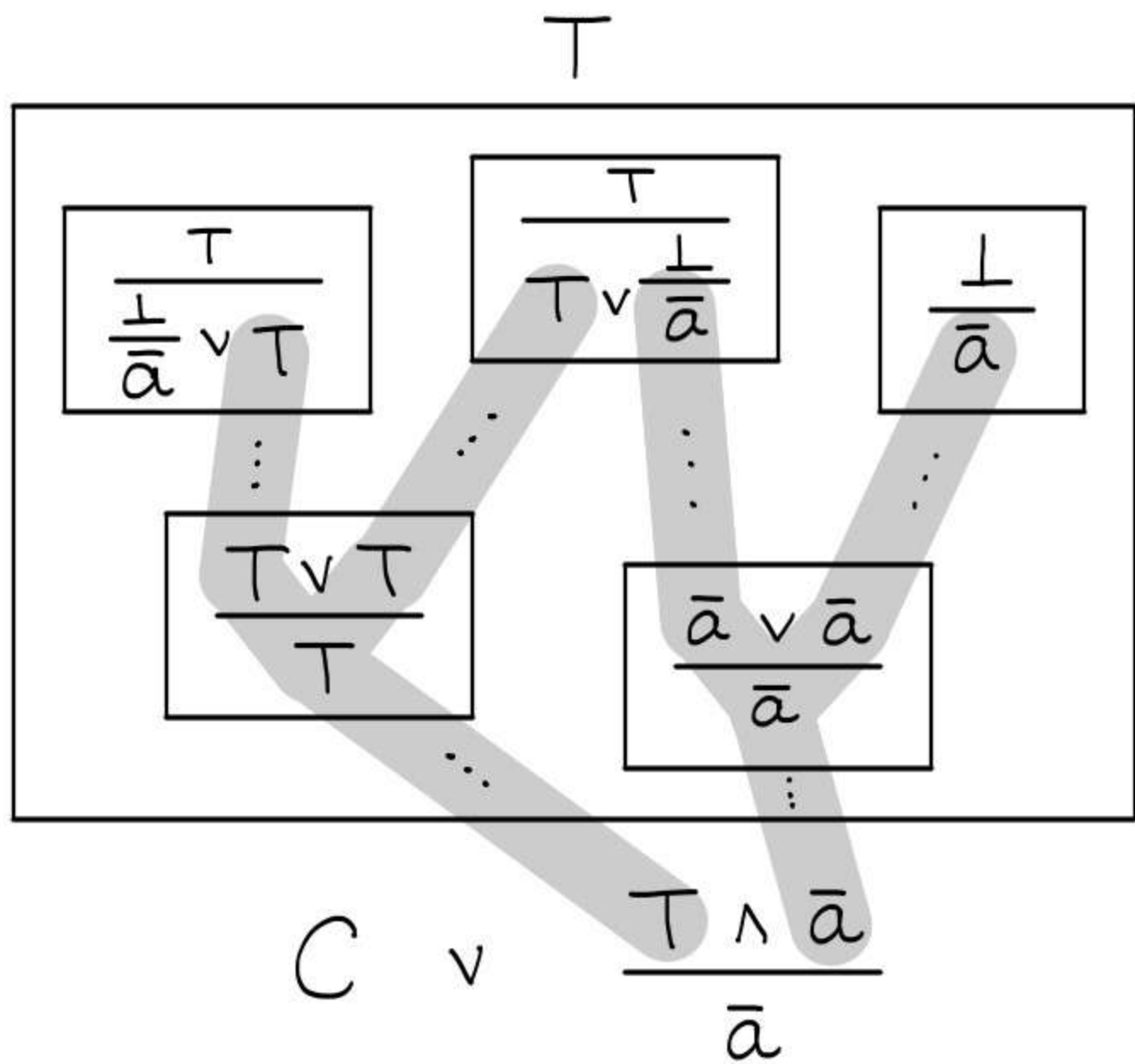


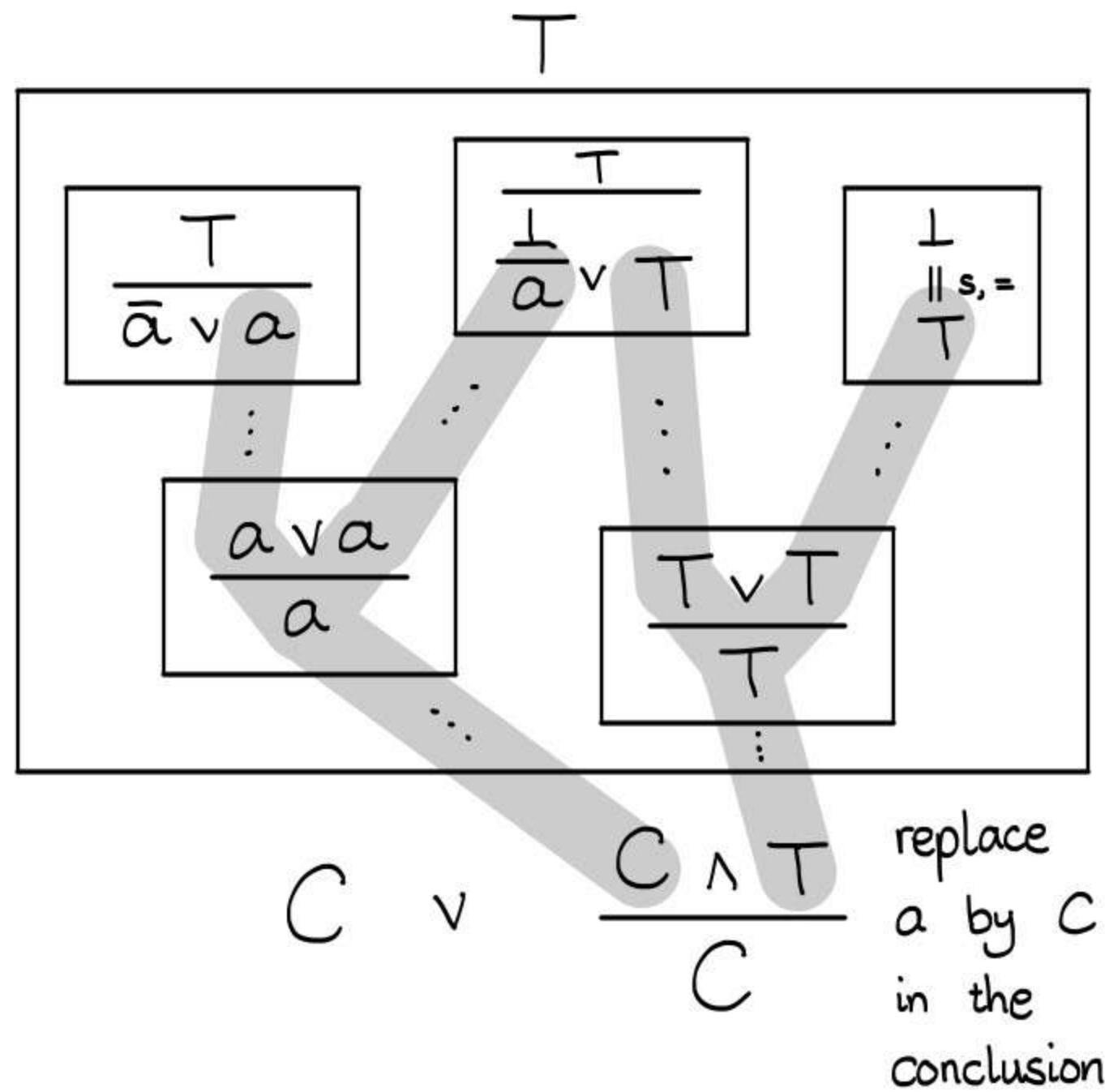
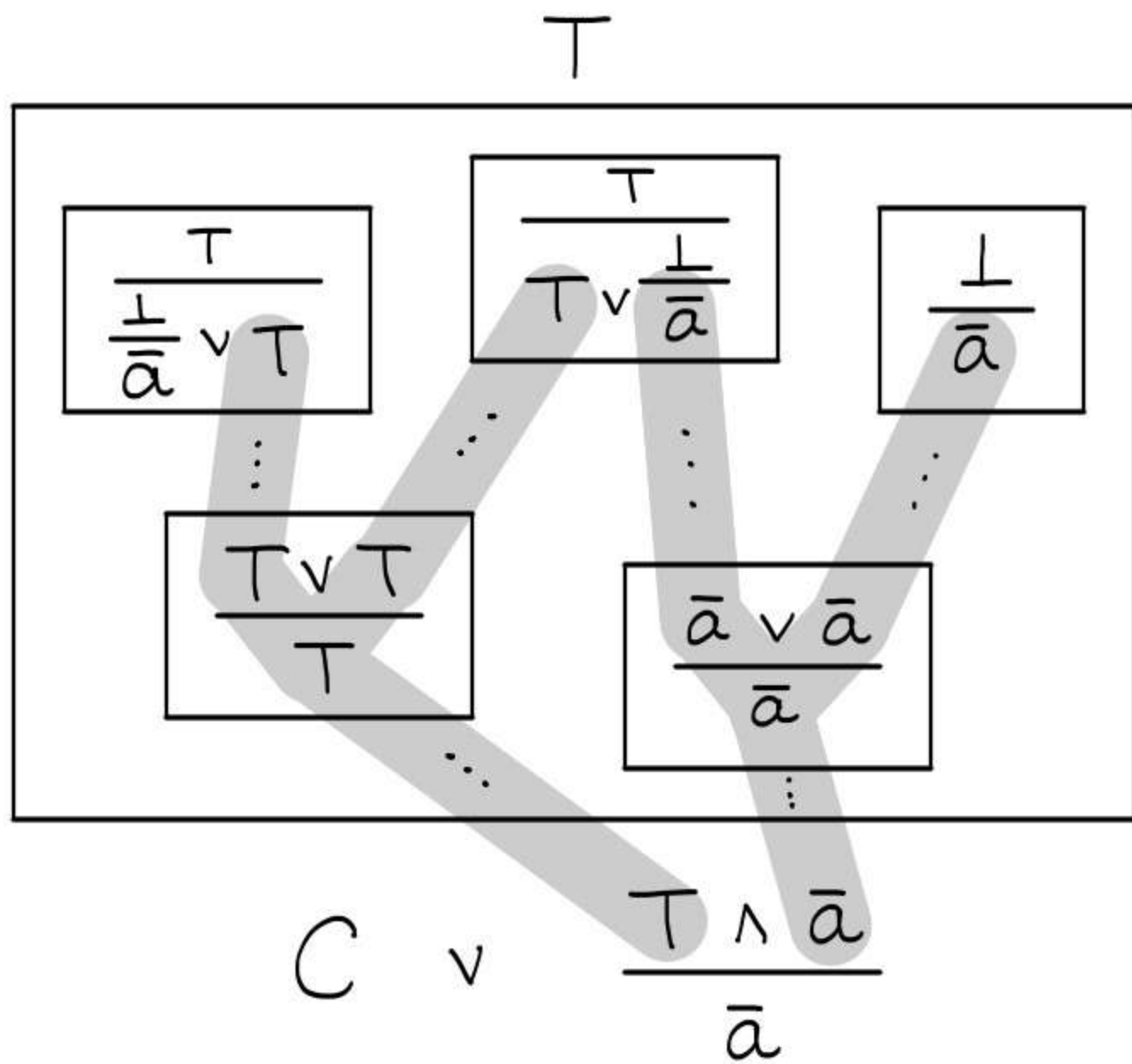


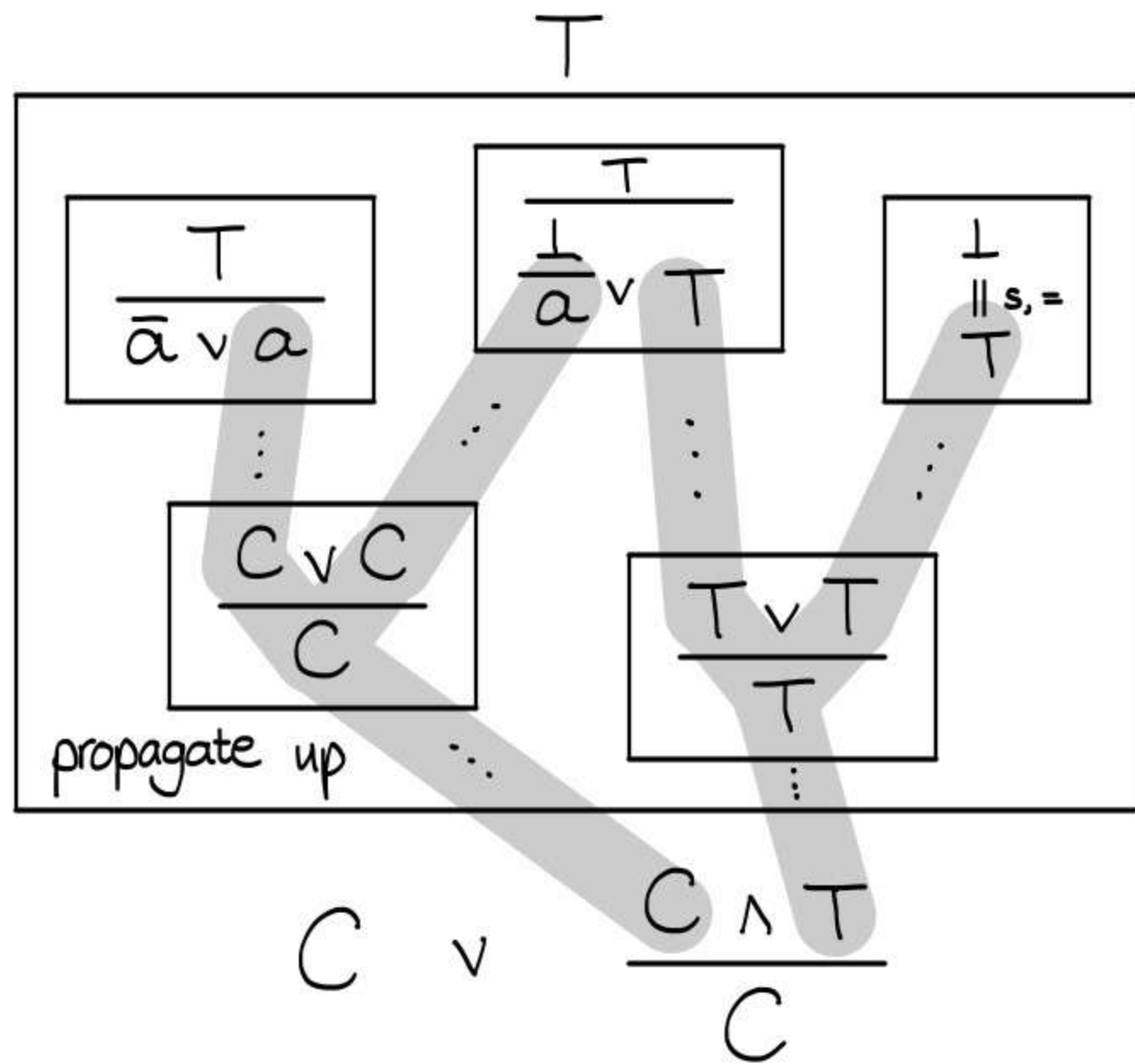
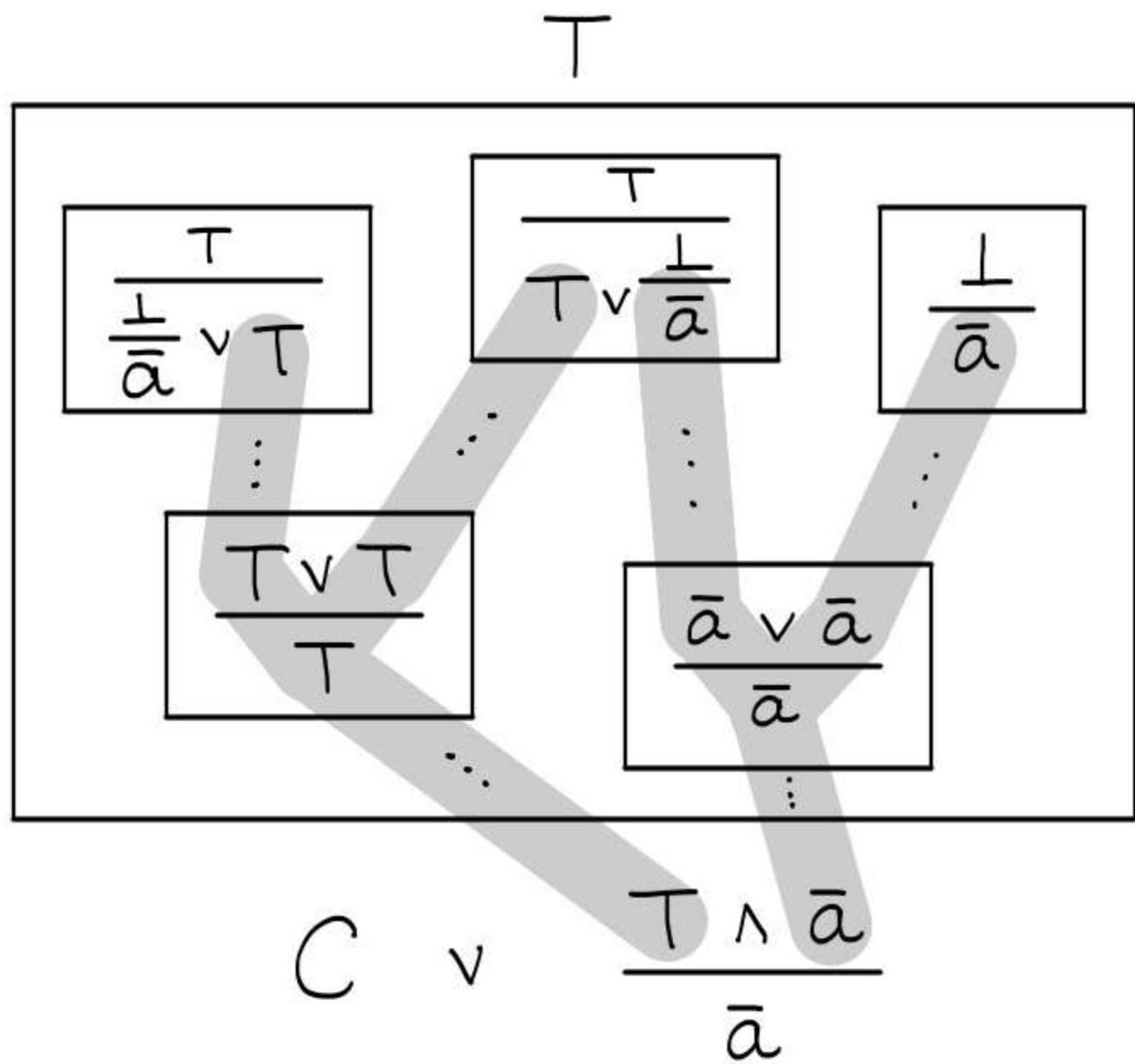


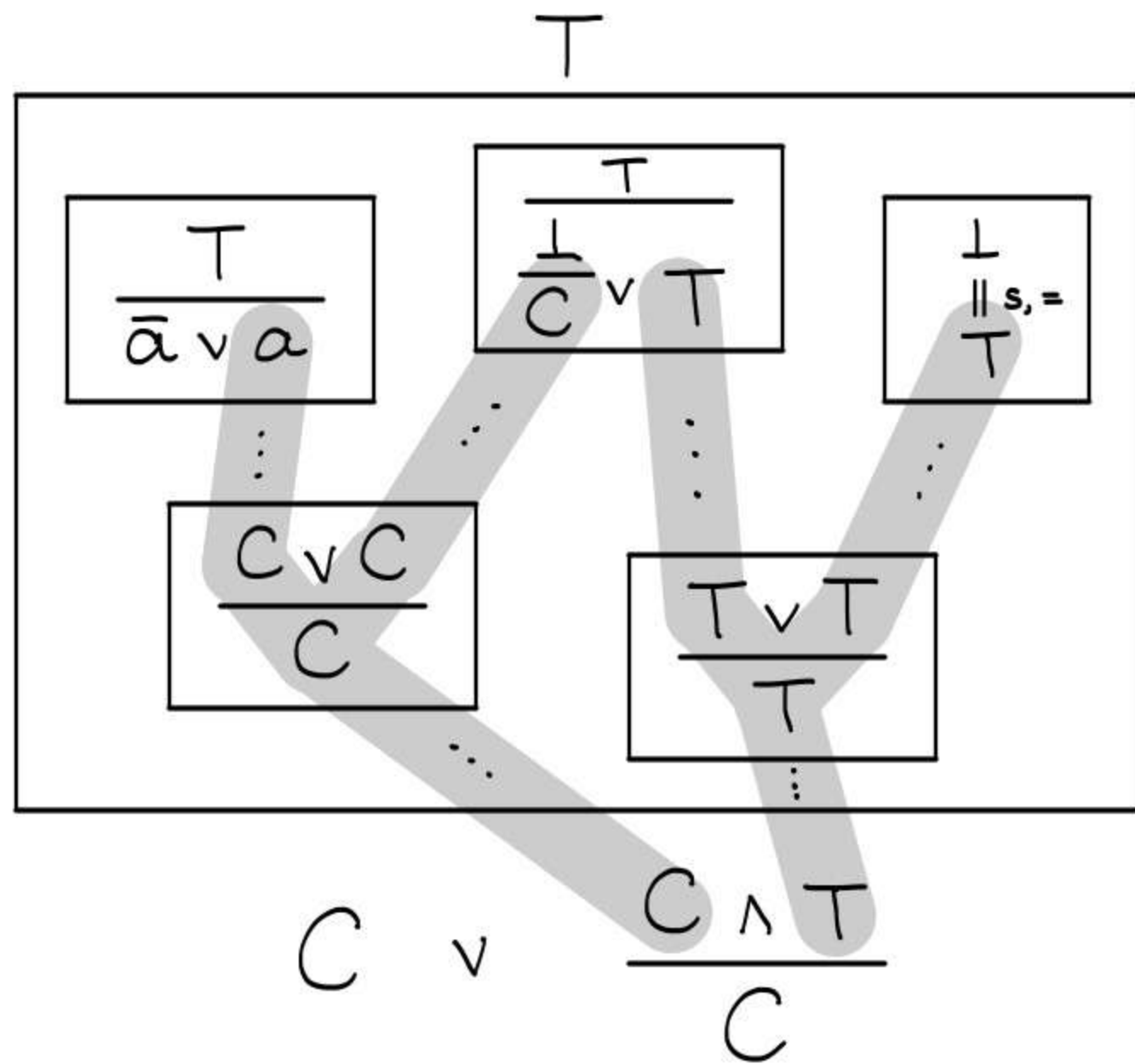
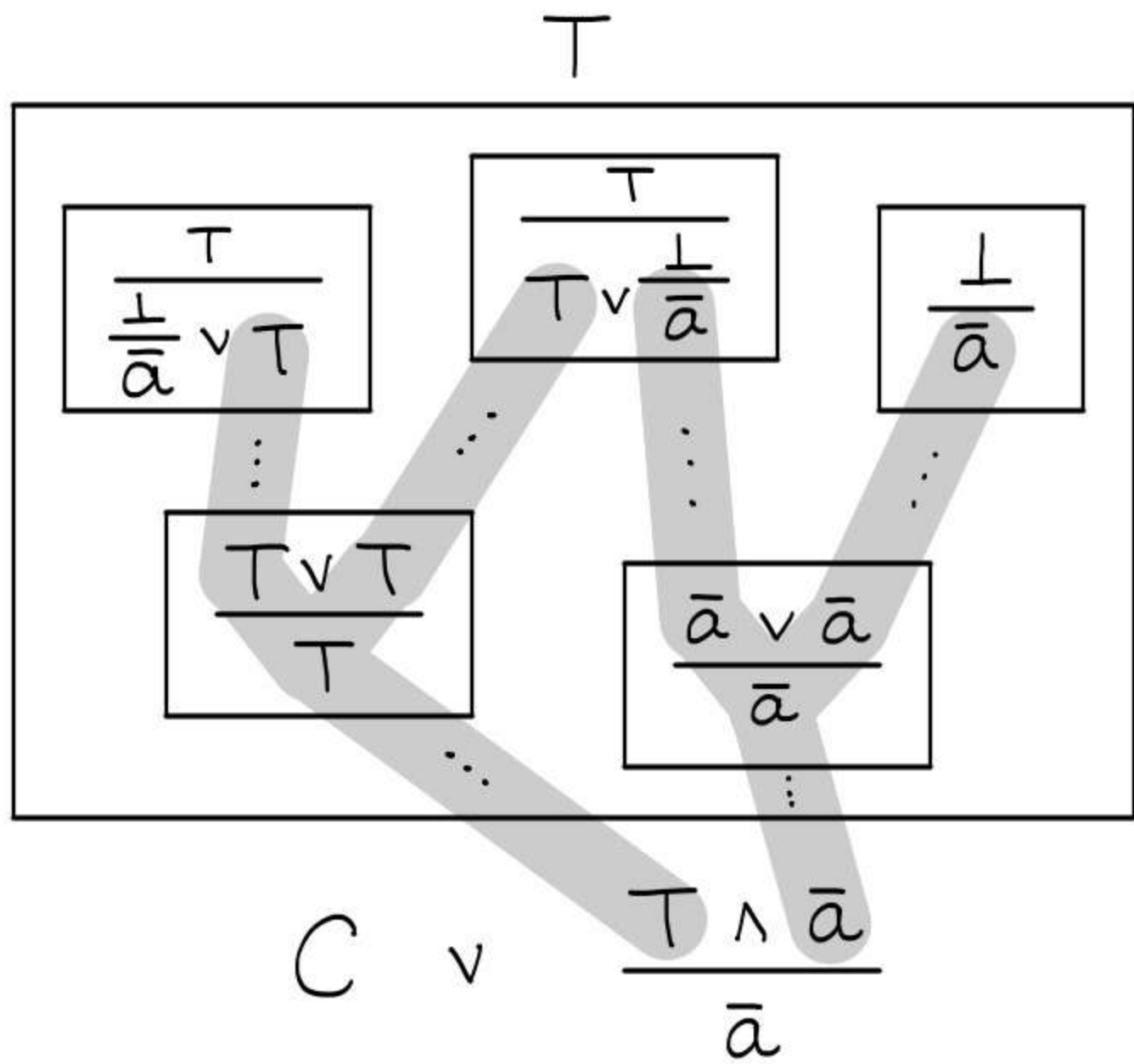


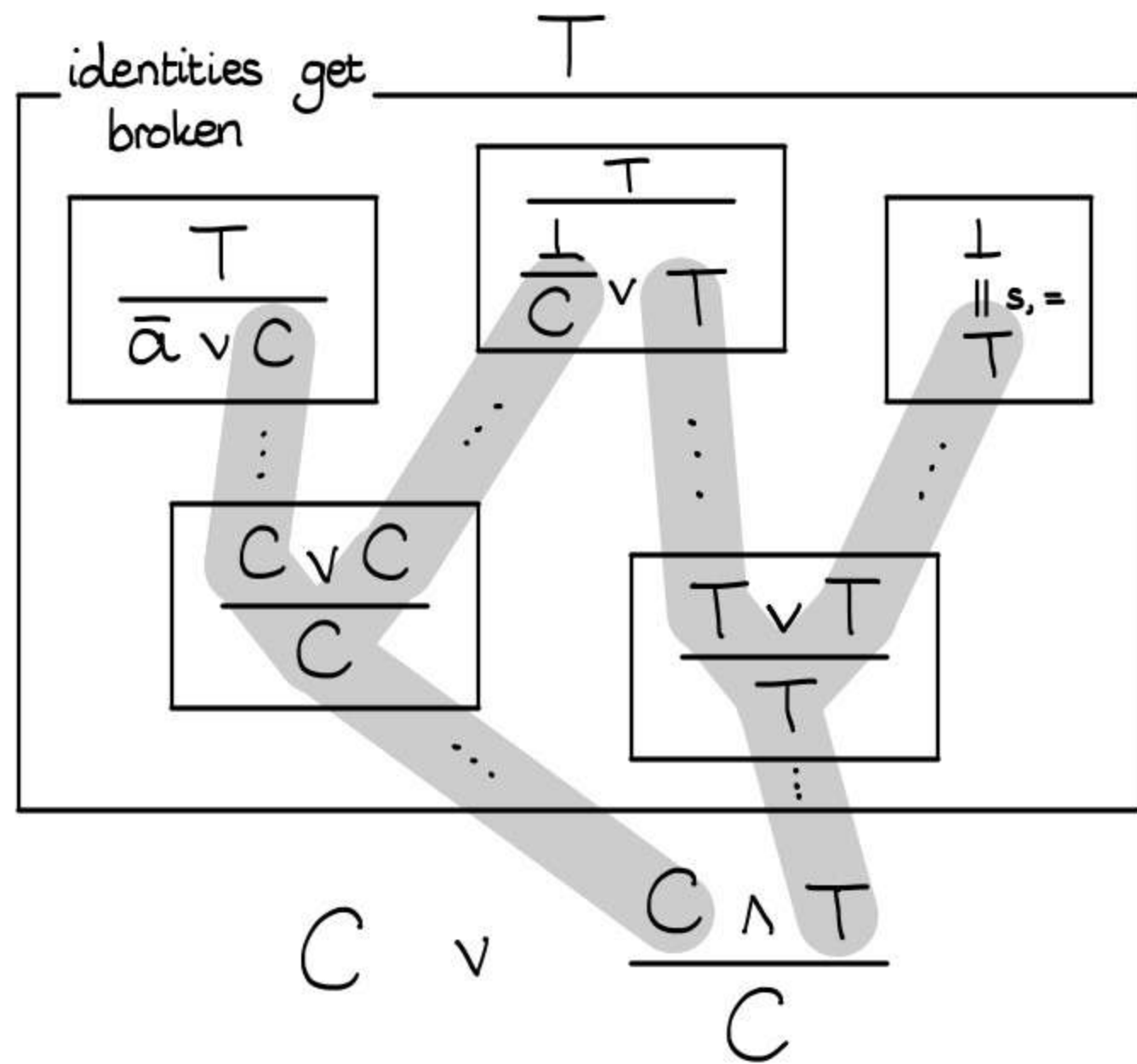
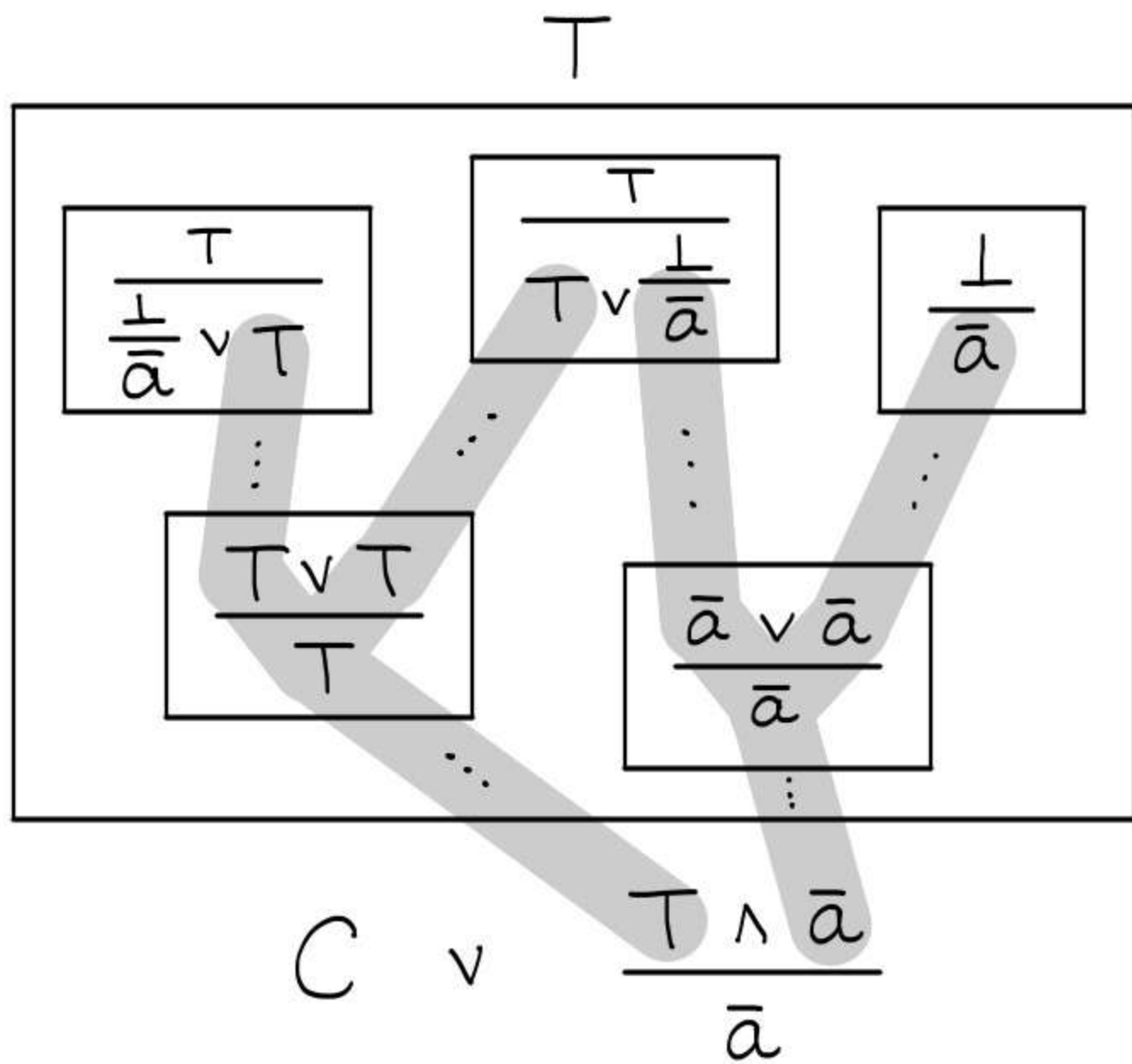




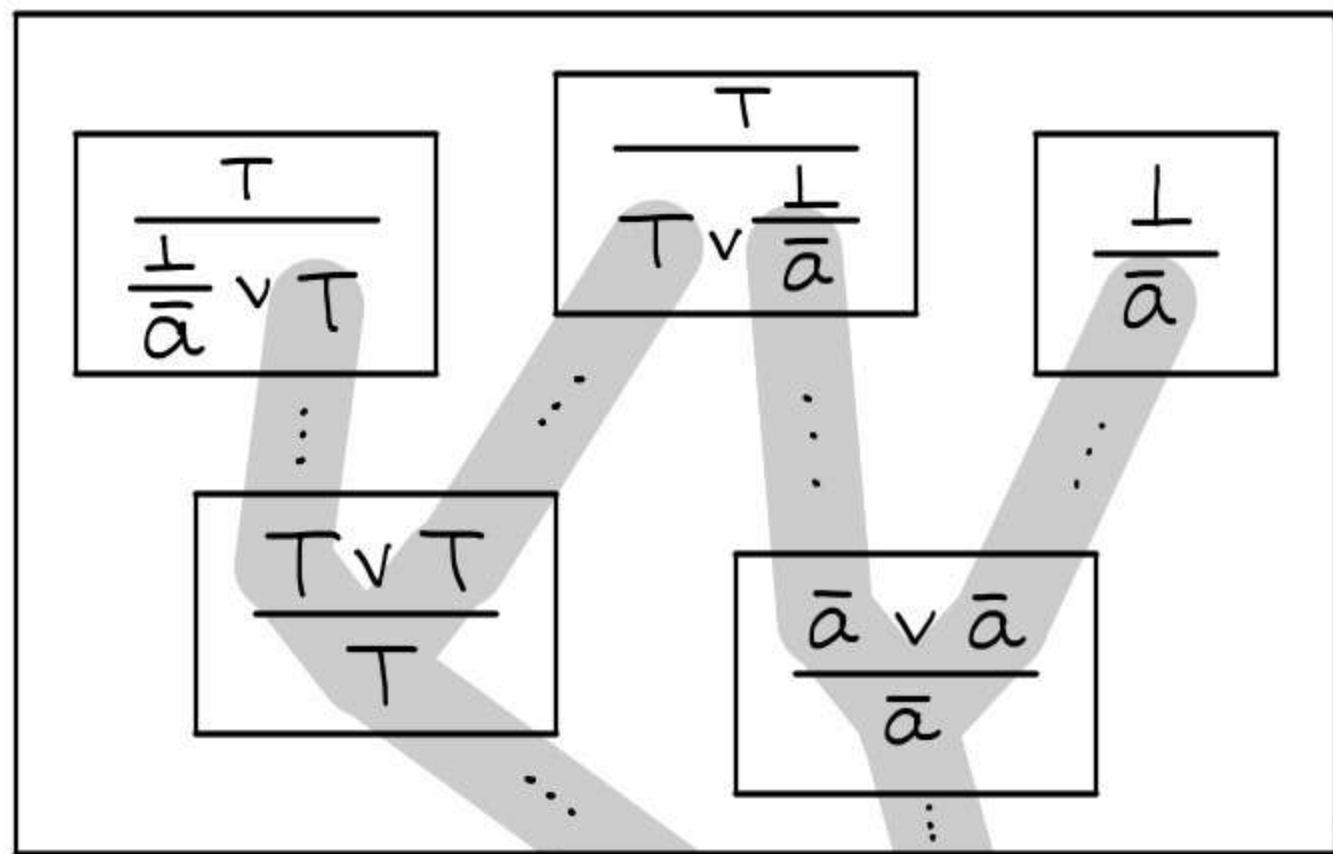






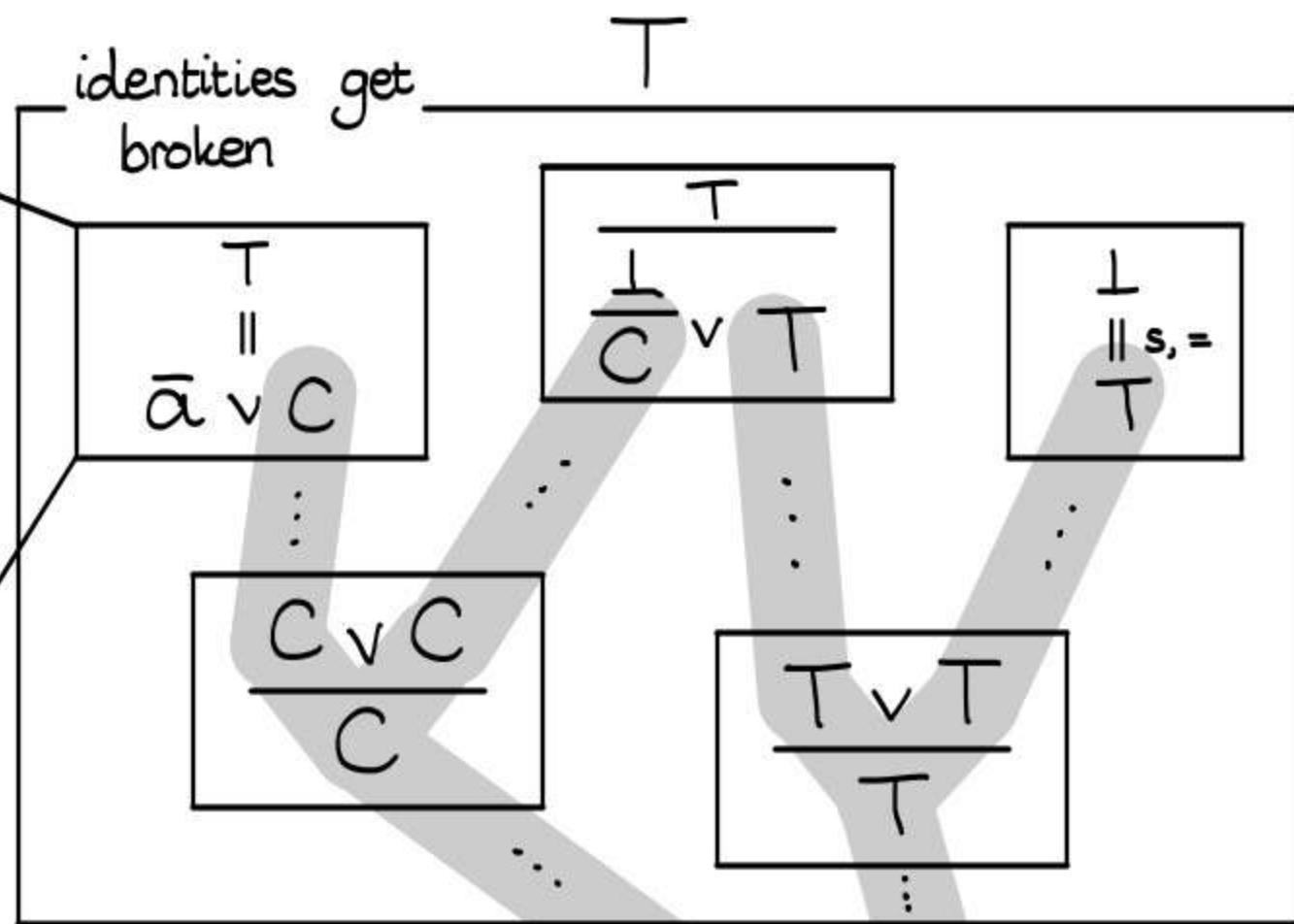


$\top$ we can fix them
with the other proof!

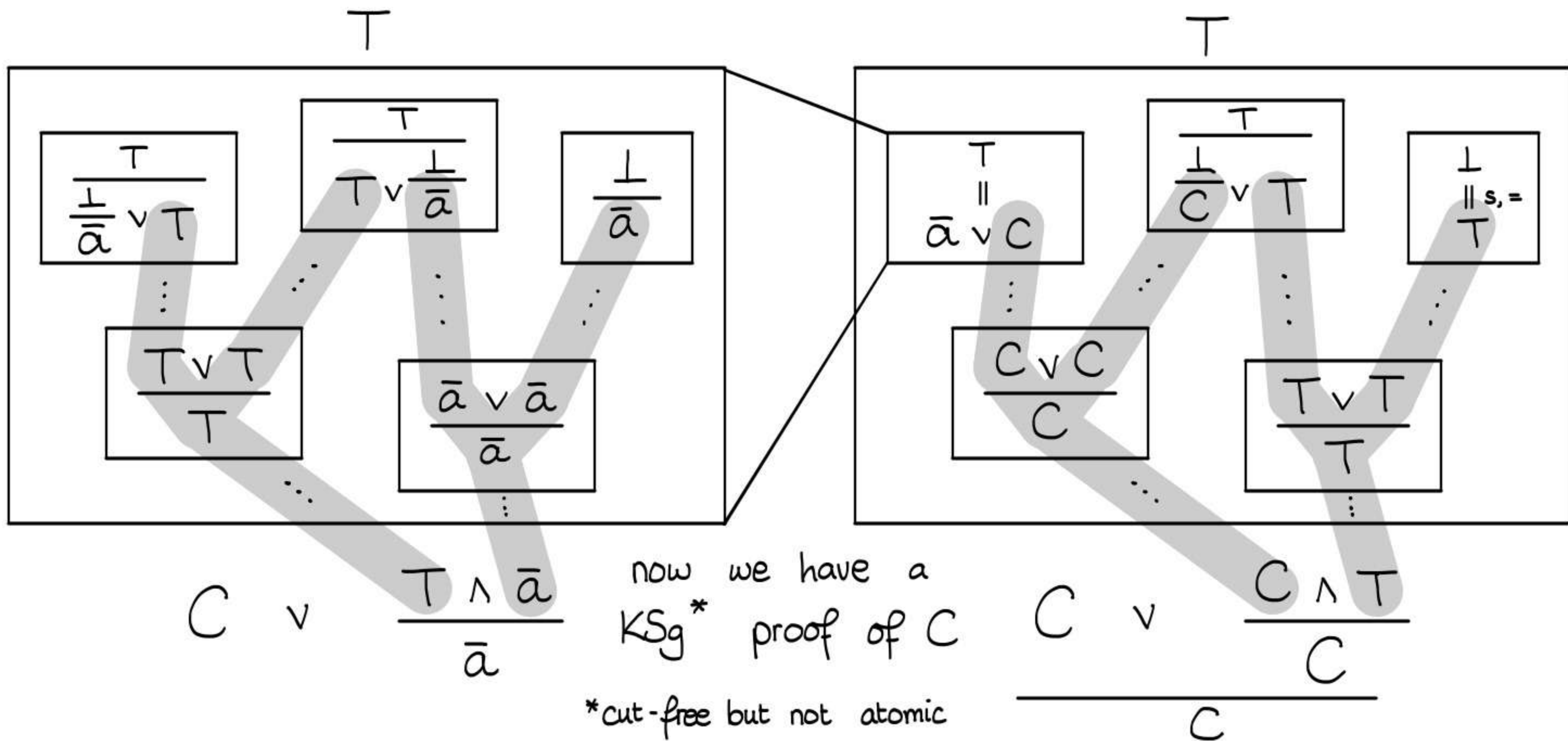


$$C \vee \frac{\top \wedge \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}$$

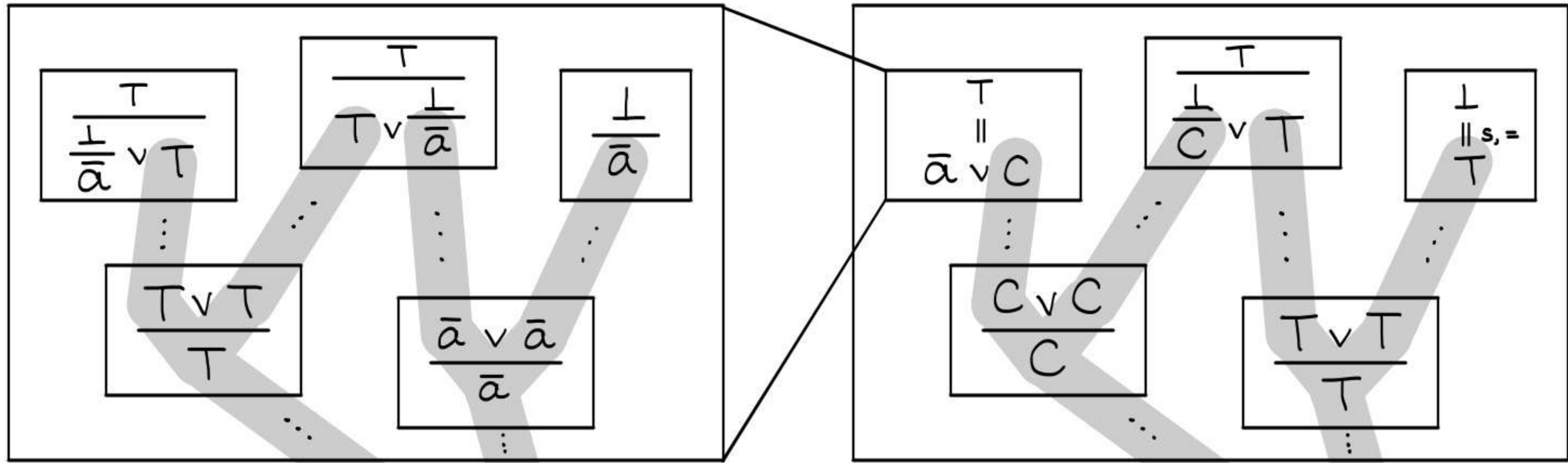
identities get
broken



$$C \vee \frac{C \wedge \top}{C}$$



locality breaks cut elimination but we can use locality to fix it



$$C \vee \frac{T \wedge \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}$$

now we have a
KSg* proof of C

*cut-free but not atomic

$$\frac{C \vee \frac{C \wedge T}{C}}{C}$$

A cut elimination procedure for SKS

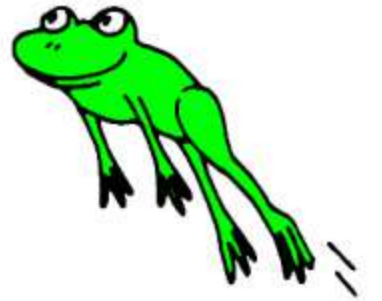


1. Eliminate $ac\uparrow$, $aw\uparrow$ using $ac\downarrow$, $aw\downarrow$, $ai\uparrow$, $ai\downarrow$, S , $=$
2. Reduce the context around each cut to a disjunctive shallow context
3. Choose the top-most cut and transform the proof above it as shown
4. Go to the next top-most cut and repeat until there are no more cuts

Comparison with sequent calculus



Comparison with sequent calculus



- Simpler induction measures to show that procedures terminate
- Local transformations
- Size increase in both cases is exponential (in general)
- Method tied to classical logic - identities become weakenings and we need to contract C