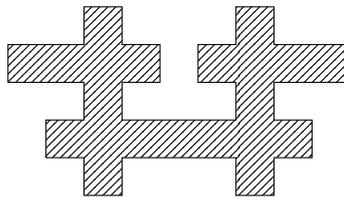


2.3.1: Concurrency

tuesday, the 2nd of march 2021
duration: 3h

All the programs under consideration are supposed to be conservative.

Exercise 1: Denote the following (hatched) isothetic region by X :



- 1) Write a program whose forbidden region is X .
- 2) Draw the deadlock attractor of this program.
- 3) What are the maximal blocks of the forbidden region.
- 4) Give the prime factorization of the geometric model (i.e. the complement of the hatched region).
- 5) Draw the category of components of the geometric model.

Exercise 2:

- 1) Give the prime decomposition of the following homogeneous languages (their underlying alphabet is $\{A, B, C\}$).

CBAA	ABCABC	BABCA
CAAB	AACCB	CBCAB
ABCA	BBAACC	ACBBA
AACB	BAACCB	ACCB
		CBBAA
		BACCB

Let L be a homogeneous language of length $n \in \mathbb{N}$ (i.e. all the words of the language are of length n).

- 2a) Prove that if there exists $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ such that all the words of L have the same i^{th} letter (i.e. for all words w and w' in L , $w_i = w'_i$), then L is not prime.
- 2b) Provide an example which proves that the converse of 2a) is false.
- 2c) Prove that if the cardinal of L (i.e. the number of words it contains) is a prime natural number, then the converse of 2a) is true.

Exercise 3: Assume that \mathbf{a} is a synchronization barrier of arity 1 (it can stop a single process). Consider the 2 following programs (each being made of two processes):

$\mathbf{x}:=1; \mathbf{W}(\mathbf{a}) \mid \mathbf{W}(\mathbf{a}); \mathbf{x}:=1$
 $\mathbf{x}:=1 \mid \mathbf{x}:=1$

- 1a) Give the forbidden region of each program (a picture suffice).

- 1b) Prove that in each program, the two processes are not model independent.
- 2a) For each program, give the list of the sequences of multi-instructions corresponding to the execution traces.
- 2b) For each program, are the two processes observationally independent ?

Consider the following program (the `print` instruction displays the corresponding character on the “terminal”)

```
print '1'; Wa; Wa | Wa; print '2'; Wa | Wa; Wa; print '3'
```

- 3a) Prove that the character '3' cannot be displayed first.
- 3b) What are all the possible outputs on the screen (explain)?
- 3c) Assume that we replace the instructions `print '1'`, `print '2'`, `print '3'` by `x:=1`, `x:=2`, and `x:=3` respectively. What are the possible contents of the variable `x` at the end of the execution (explain)?

Exercise 4: Given a poset (X, \sqsubseteq) , one defines a category \mathcal{C} as follows: the objects are the elements of X , the morphisms are the 2-tuples (a, b) such that $a \sqsubseteq b$.

- 1) Prove that \mathcal{C} is loop-free.
- 2) Prove that any morphism of \mathcal{C} is a *potential* weak isomorphisms (i.e. its preserves the future cones and the past cones).

Suppose that the poset (X, \sqsubseteq) satisfies the following additional property: for all $a, b \in X$,

- $\{a, b\}$ has a lower bound, (i.e. there exists $x \in X$ such that $x \sqsubseteq a$ and $x \sqsubseteq b$),
- if $a \not\sqsubseteq b$ and $b \not\sqsubseteq a$, then $\{a, b\}$ has no upper bound (i.e. for all $x \in X$, $a \not\sqsubseteq x$ or $b \not\sqsubseteq x$)

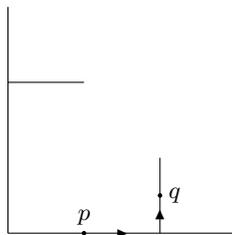
3a) Given a morphism (a, b) of \mathcal{C} , prove that if there exists $x \in X$ such that $b \not\sqsubseteq x$, $x \not\sqsubseteq b$, and $a \sqsubseteq x$, then (a, b) does not belong to any system of weak isomorphisms.

3b) Determine the greatest system of weak isomorphisms of \mathcal{C} .

4a) Describe the fundamental category $\vec{\pi}_1 A$ of the subset

$$A = \{0\} \times [0, 3] \cup \{2\} \times [0, 1] \cup [0, 3] \times \{0\} \cup [0, 1] \times \{2\}$$

of \mathbb{R}^2 shown below (explain what are the directed paths on A , and provide the key argument allowing the computation of their dihomotopy classes).



4b) What is the greatest system of weak isomorphisms of $\vec{\pi}_1 A$?