

Flowering graphs

Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity to codes on graphs by flowering

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Friday 7th March 2025
@ CCSW 2025, Eindhoven



1 Proximity tests

2 Graphs

3 Flowering protocol

1 Proximity tests

2 Graphs

3 Flowering protocol

- ▶ Interactive Oracle Proof of Proximity
 - ▷ Locally-testable codes
 - ▷ Examples of locally-testable codes
 - ▷ Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity
- ▶ Fast Reed-Solomon IOPP
 - ▷ Folding
 - ▷ FRI protocol
 - ▷ Complexities
 - ▷ Completeness and soundness

Definition Oracle access

An algorithm \mathcal{V} has **oracle access** to $u \in \mathbb{F}^n$ if it has **black-box** access to u .

- ▶ Denoted \mathcal{V}^u
- ▶ Can limit or count number of queries to oracle

Definition Locally-testable code

A code C is **(ℓ, δ, s) -locally-testable** if there is \mathcal{V} with **ℓ -oracle access** such that

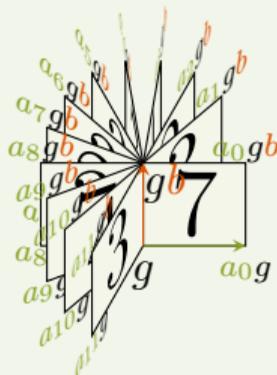
- ▶ **Completeness:** if $u \in C$ then $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{V}^u \text{ accepts}) = 1$
- ▶ **Soundness:** if $\Delta(u, C) > \delta$ then $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{V}^u \text{ accepts}) \leq s$.

Example Reed-Solomon codes are not locally-testable

$RS[n, k] := \{(f(x_1), \dots, f(x_n)) \mid f \in \mathbb{F}_q[X]_{<k}\}$ has locality $k + 1$.

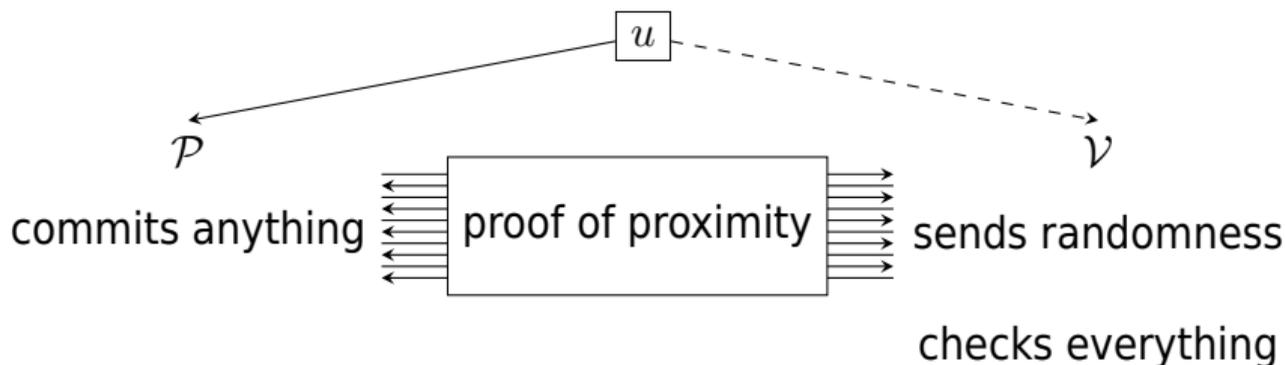
Example Codes with constant rate, minimal distance and locality [DEL⁺22]

There exists codes with constant rate,
minimal distance and locality:



[DEL⁺22] Irit Dinur, Shai Evra, Ron Livne, Alexander Lubotzky, and Shahar Mozes. Locally testable codes with constant rate, distance, and locality.

In *Proceedings of the 54th Annual ACM SIGACT Symposium on Theory of Computing*, pages 357–374, 2022



- ▶ **Completeness:** if $u \in C$ then $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{V}^{u, \leftrightarrow \mathcal{P}} \text{ accepts}) = 1$
- ▶ **Soundness:** if $\Delta(u, C) > \delta$ then for any \mathcal{P} , $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{V}^{u, \leftrightarrow \mathcal{P}} \text{ accepts}) \leq s$
- ▶ Can be turned **non-interactive** [FS86, BCS16]

[FS86] Amos Fiat and Adi Shamir. How To Prove Yourself: Practical Solutions to Identification and Signature Problems. In Andrew M. Odlyzko, editor, *Advances in Cryptology – CRYPTO' 86*, pages 186-194, Berlin, Heidelberg, 1986. Springer Berlin Heidelberg

[BCS16] Eli Ben-Sasson, Alessandro Chiesa, and Nicholas Spooner. Interactive Oracle Proofs. In *Theory of Cryptography: 14th International Conference, TCC 2016-B, Beijing, China, October 31-November 3, 2016, Proceedings, Part II 14*, pages 31-60. Springer, 2016

Idea. Test even and odd parts $f(X) =: f_{\text{even}}(X^2) + X f_{\text{odd}}(X^2)$.

Definition Folding

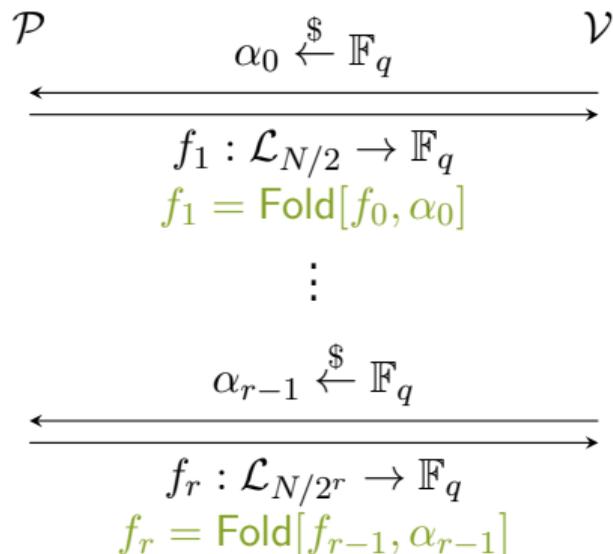
$$\text{Fold}[f, \alpha](Y) := f_{\text{even}}(Y) + \alpha f_{\text{odd}}(Y) = \frac{f(X) + f(-X)}{2} + \alpha \frac{f(X) - f(-X)}{2X},$$

with “ $Y = X^2$ ”, $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}_q$

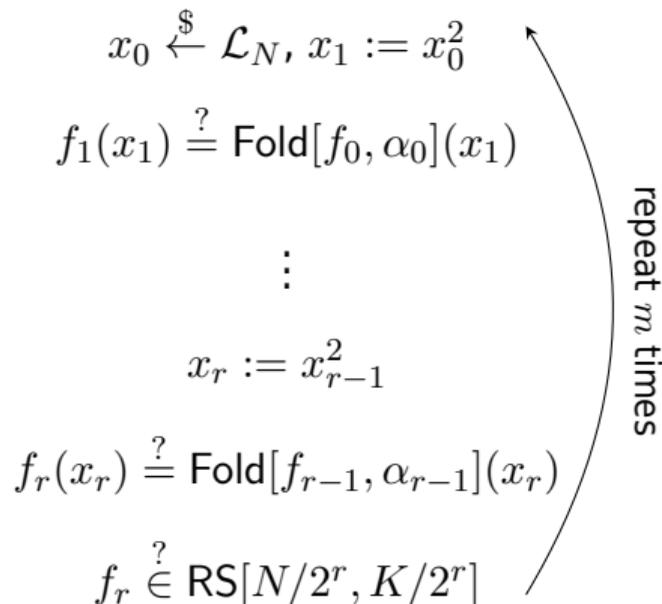
- ▶ **Validity preservation:** $f \in \text{RS}[N, K] \iff \mathbb{P}_{\alpha}(\text{Fold}[f, \alpha] \in \text{RS}[N/2, K/2]) > \frac{1}{q}$
- ▶ **Local check:** \mathcal{V} computes $\text{Fold}[f, \alpha](x^2)$ with 2 queries to f
- ▶ **Field restriction:** $\mathcal{L}_{N/2} := \{x^2 \mid x, -x \in \mathcal{L}_N\}$
 - ▷ \mathbb{F}_q must have 2^N roots of unity

[BBHR18] Eli Ben-Sasson, Iddo Bentov, Yinon Horesh, and Michael Riabzev. Fast Reed-Solomon Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity. In *45th international colloquium on automata, languages, and programming (ICALP 2018)*. Schloss Dagstuhl-Leibniz-Zentrum fuer Informatik, 2018

① commit phase



② query phase



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Proposition FRI complexities

FRI protocol for $RS[N, K]$ with m repetitions has following complexity:

- ▶ Prover complexity: $< 6N$
- ▶ Verifier complexity: $< 2m \log N$
- ▶ Query complexity: $< 2m \log K$
- ▶ Round complexity: $\log K$

[BBHR18] Eli Ben-Sasson, Iddo Bentov, Yinon Horesh, and Michael Riabzev. Fast Reed-Solomon Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity. In *45th international colloquium on automata, languages, and programming (ICALP 2018)*. Schloss Dagstuhl-Leibniz-Zentrum fuer Informatik, 2018

Proposition FRI completeness

If $f \in \text{RS}[N, K]$ then \mathcal{V} accepts with probability 1.

Theorem FRI soundness [BCI+23]

If $\Delta(f, \text{RS}[N, K]) > \delta$ then for any \mathcal{P} , \mathcal{V} accepts with probability

$$\leq \frac{K^2 \log K}{(2\varepsilon)^7 q} + \left(1 - \min\left(\delta, 1 - \sqrt{K/N}\right)\right)^m,$$

with m a complexity parameter, and $\varepsilon = \sqrt{K/N}/20$.

[BCI+23] Eli Ben-Sasson, Dan Carmon, Yuval Ishai, Swastik Kopparty, and Shubhangi Saraf. Proximity Gaps for Reed-Solomon Codes.

J. ACM, 70(5), October 2023

1 Proximity tests

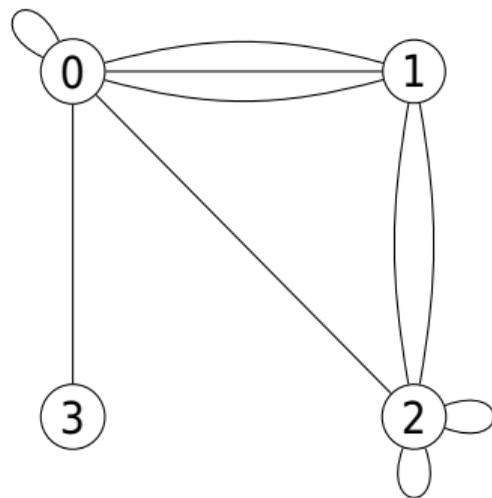
2 Graphs

3 Flowering protocol

- ▷ Regular Indexed Multigraphs
- ▷ Words and codes on graphs
- ▷ Hamming distance vs vertex distance

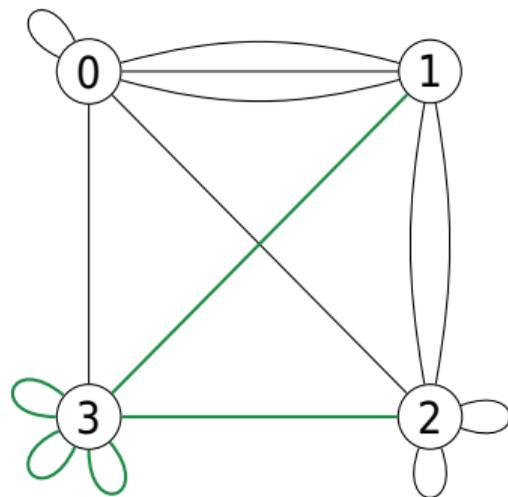
$\Gamma = (V, E)$ is a n -RIM:

- **Multigraph:** multiple edges and loops



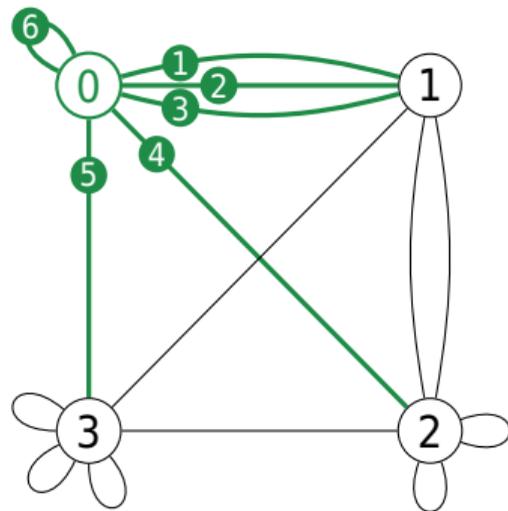
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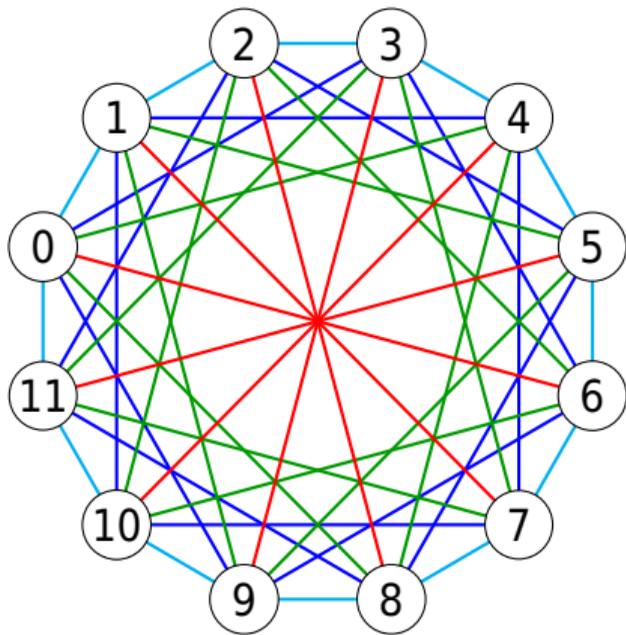
- ▶ **Multigraph:** multiple edges and loops
- ▶ **Regular:** same number n of edges

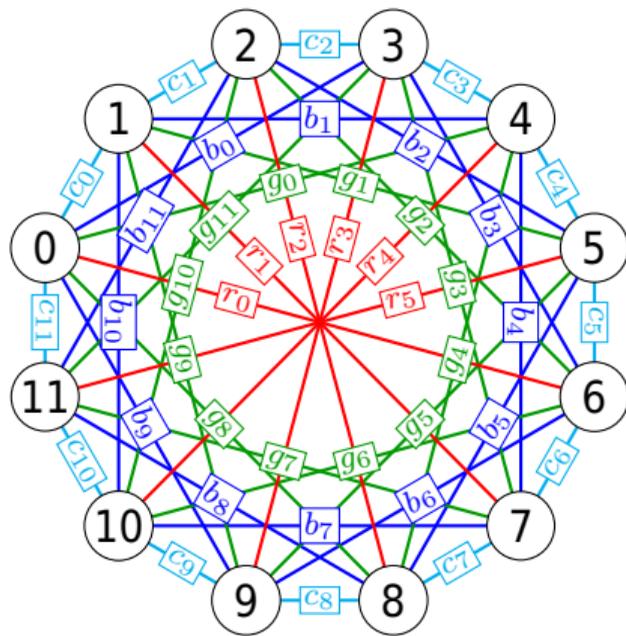


$\Gamma = (V, E)$ is a n -RIM:

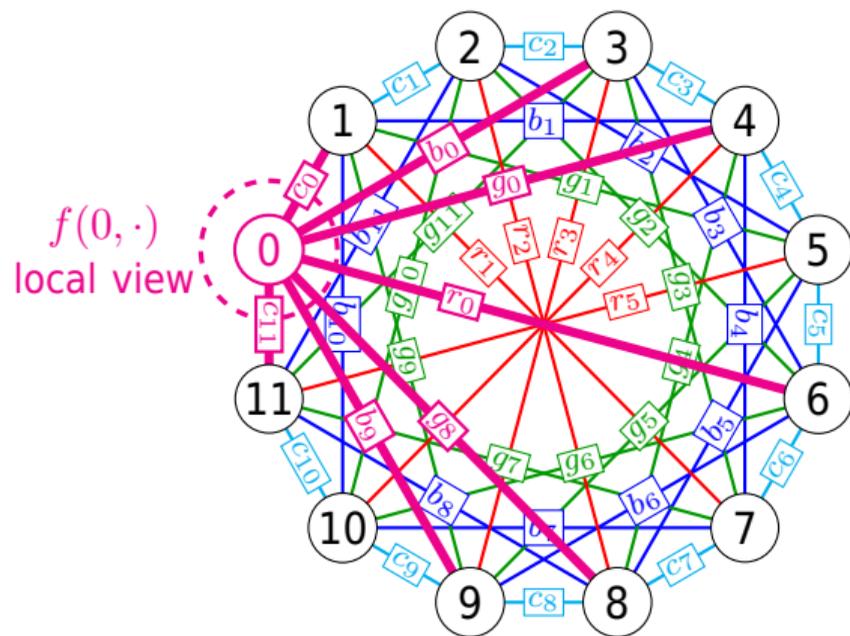
- ▷ **Multigraph:** multiple edges and loops
- ▷ **Regular:** same number n of edges
- ▶ **Indexed:** edge is $(v, \ell) \in V \times [n]$
Write $E(v, \ell) \in V$ the neighbor of v by ℓ







Word $f(v, \ell)$ on a graph Γ

Word $f(v, \ell)$ on a graph Γ **Definition** Code $\mathcal{C}[\Gamma, C_0]$

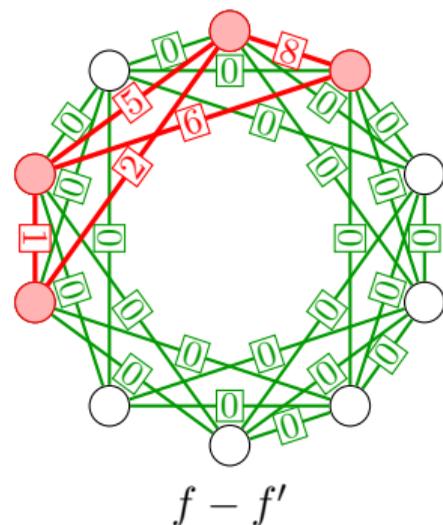
Given Γ a n -RIM and $C_0 \subseteq \mathbb{F}_q^n$,

$$f \in \mathcal{C}[\Gamma, C_0] \iff \forall v, f(v, \cdot) \in C_0.$$

We'll only use $C_0 = \text{RS}[n, k]$.

$$\text{Hamming: } \Delta(f, f') := \frac{\#\text{diff edges}}{\#\text{edges}} = \frac{5}{30} \approx 0.167$$

$$\text{Vertex: } \Delta_V(f, f') := \frac{\#\text{diff vertices}}{\#\text{vertices}} = \frac{4}{10} = 0.4$$



Proposition Hamming distance is more fine grain than vertex distance

For any f, f' , $\Delta(f, f') \leq \Delta_V(f, f')$.

(if nodes of Γ have same number of loops)

[DMR25] Hugo Delavenne, Tanguy Medevielle, and Élina Roussel. Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity to Codes on Graphs, 2025.

Submitted

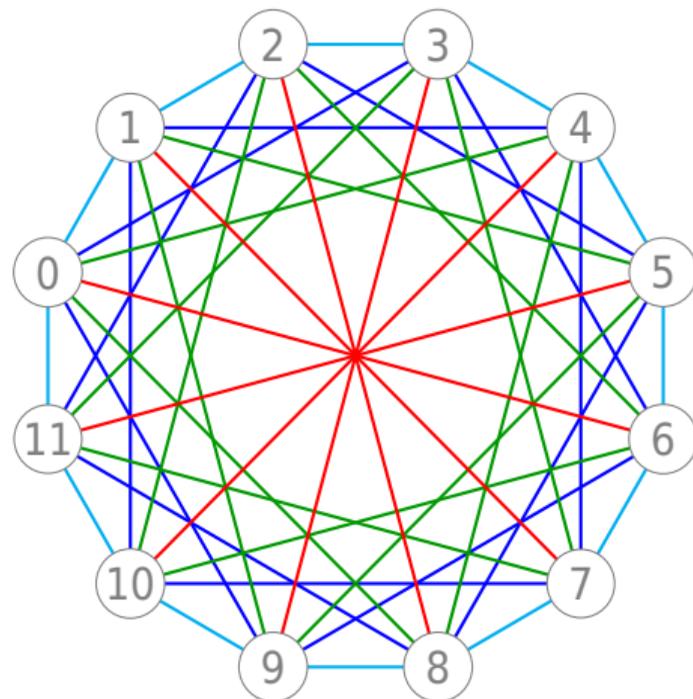
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- ▶ Folding graphs
 - ▷ Cutting graphs
 - ▷ Graph isomorphism & folding
 - ▷ A flowering example
- ▶ Flowering
 - ▷ Flowering protocol
 - ▷ Complexity comparison
 - ▷ Completeness and soundness
- ▶ Our codes
 - ▷ Cayley graphs
 - ▷ Our choice of G and S

Cut-graph $\Gamma' = \text{Cut}[\Gamma, V']$:

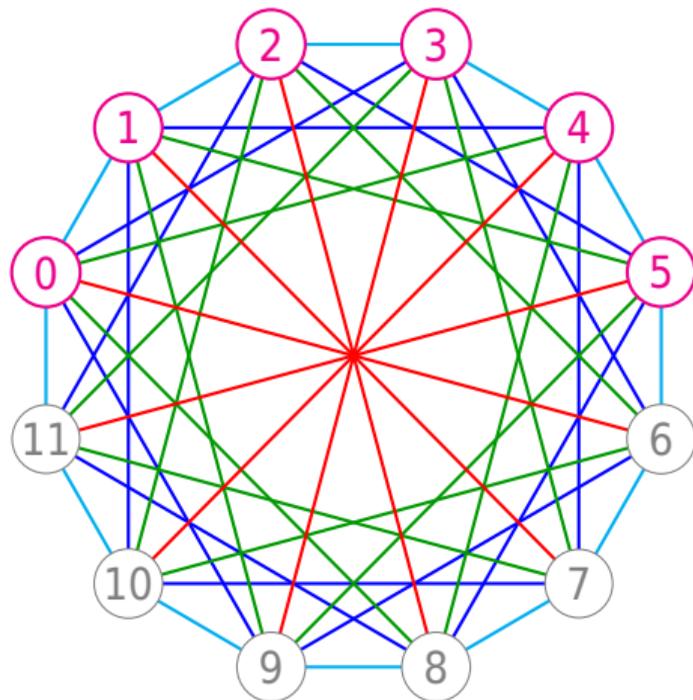


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Cut-graph $\Gamma' = \text{Cut}[\Gamma, V']$:

- Choose vertices $V' \subseteq V$

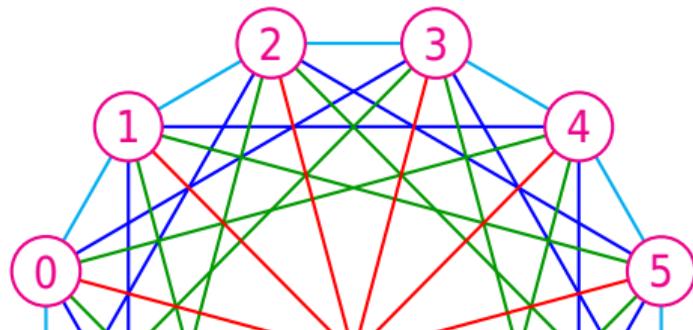


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Cut-graph $\Gamma' = \text{Cut}[\Gamma, V']$:

- ▶ Choose vertices $V' \subseteq V$
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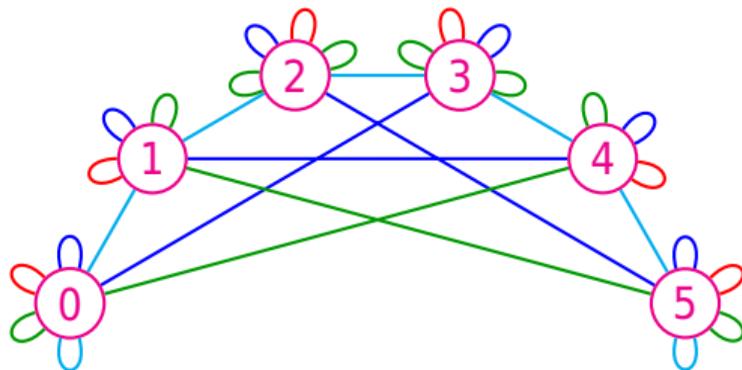
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Cut-graph $\Gamma' = \text{Cut}[\Gamma, V']$:

- ▷ Choose vertices $V' \subseteq V$
- ▷ Cut the rest
- ▶ Enjoy your new graph

$$E_{V'}(v, \ell) = \begin{cases} E(v, \ell) & \text{if } E(v, \ell) \in V' \\ v & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



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Definition Graph isomorphism

A bijection $\varphi : V' \rightarrow V''$ is an **isomorphism** $\Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma''$ if

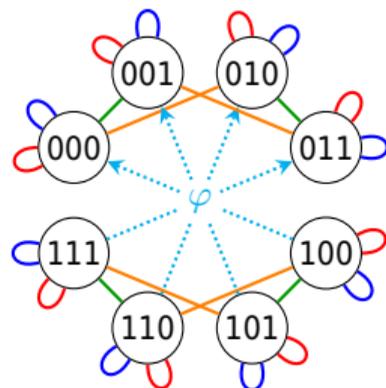
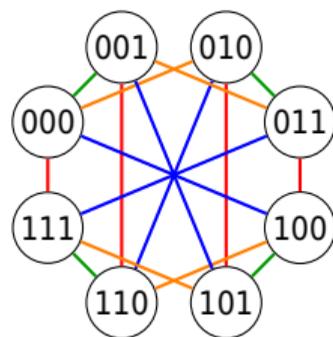
$$\forall v, \forall \ell, \varphi(E'(v, \ell)) = E''(\varphi(v), \ell).$$

If $V'' = V \setminus V'$ and $\text{Cut}[\Gamma, V'] \sim \text{Cut}[\Gamma, V'']$, the cut is **flowering**.

$\text{Cut}[f, V']$ is the restriction $f|_{V' \times [n]}$.

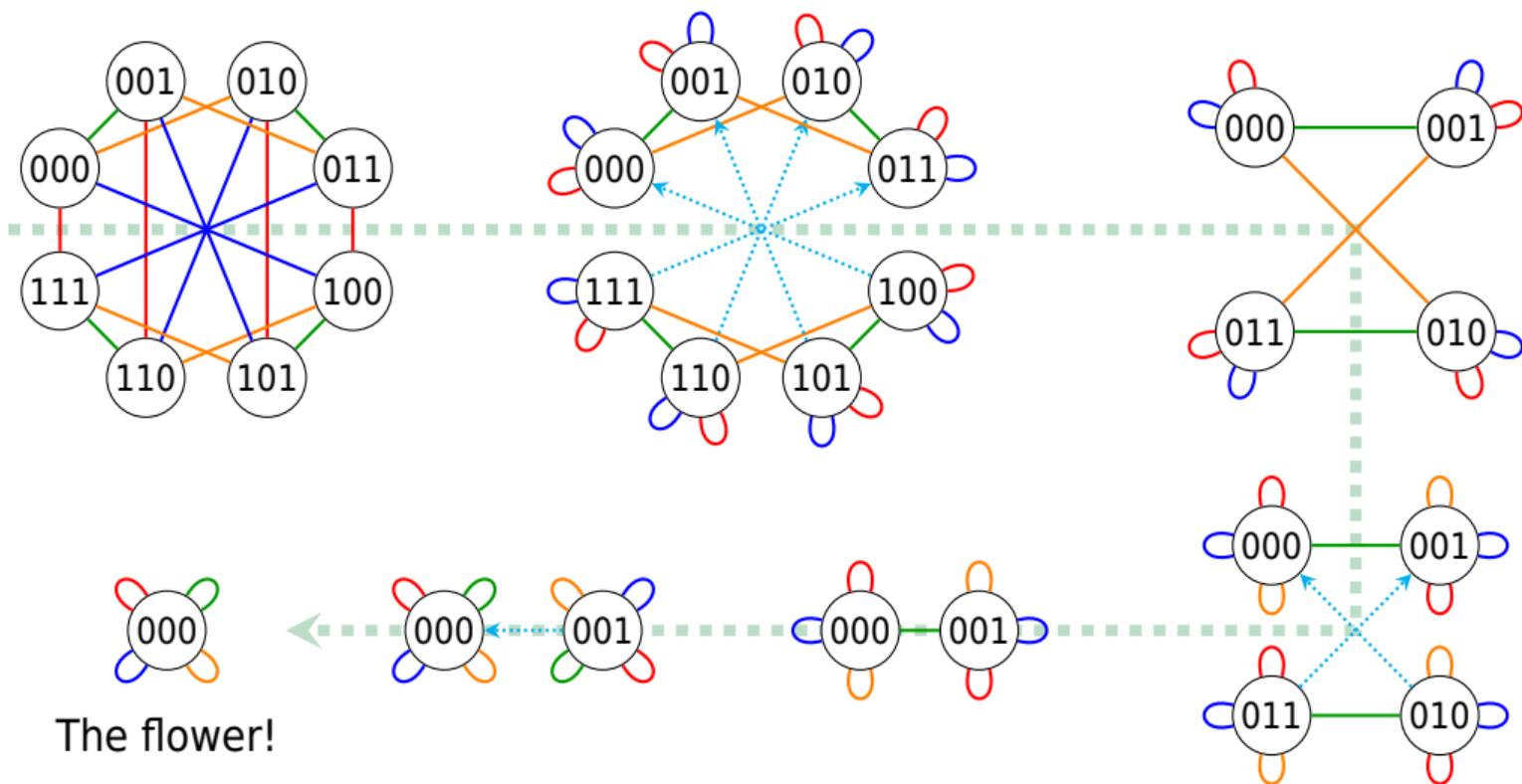
Definition Folding

$$\text{Fold}[f, \alpha](v, \ell) := \text{Cut}[f, V'](v, \ell) + \alpha \text{Cut}[f, V''](\varphi(v), \ell)$$

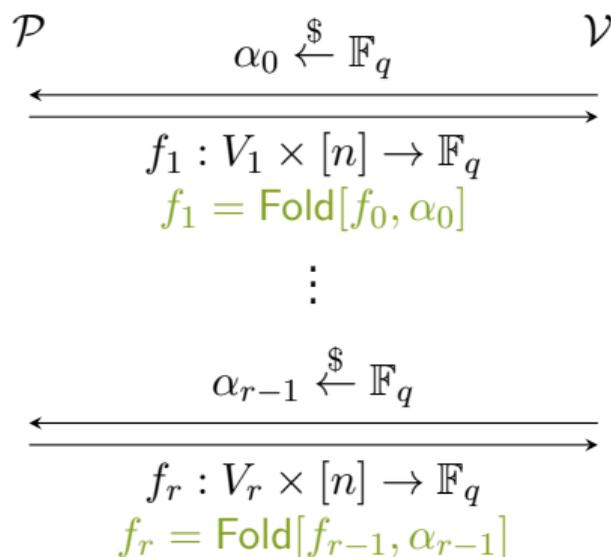


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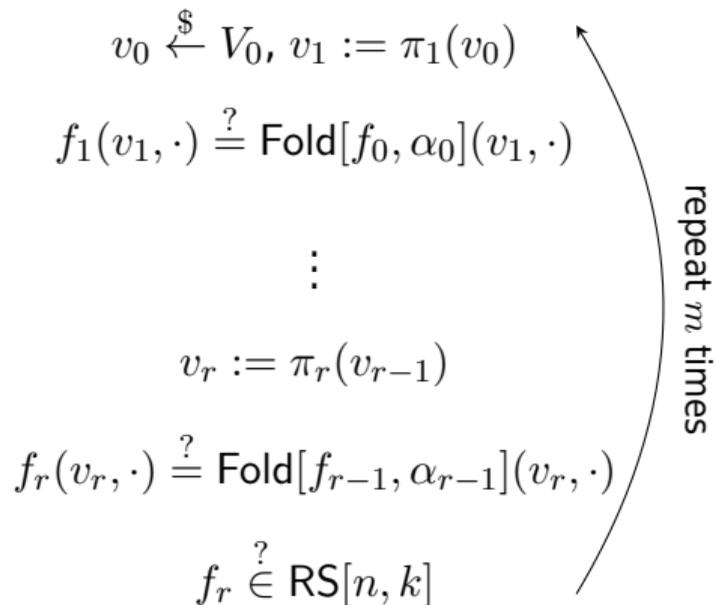
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① commit phase



② query phase



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Submitted

Proposition Flowering complexities

Flowering with m repetitions has complexities:

▶ Prover complexity: $< 3N$	(recall FRI) $< 6N$
▶ Verifier complexity: $< 4m \log^2 N$	$< 2m \log N$
▶ Query complexity: $< 2m \log^2 N$	$< 2m \log K$
▶ Round complexity: $< \log N$	$\log K$

[BBHR18] Eli Ben-Sasson, Iddo Bentov, Yinon Horesh, and Michael Riabzev. Fast Reed-Solomon Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity. **In 45th international colloquium on automata, languages, and programming (ICALP 2018). Schloss Dagstuhl-Leibniz-Zentrum fuer Informatik, 2018**

[DMR25] Hugo Delavenne, Tanguy Medevielle, and Élina Roussel. Interactive Oracle Proofs of Proximity to Codes on Graphs, 2025.
Submitted

Proposition Flowering completeness

There exists \mathcal{P} such that if $f \in \mathcal{C}[\Gamma, \text{RS}[n, k]]$ then \mathcal{V} accepts with probability 1.

Theorem Flowering soundness

If $\Delta_{\mathcal{V}}(f, \mathcal{C}[\Gamma, \text{RS}[n, k]]) > \delta$ then for any \mathcal{P} , \mathcal{V} accepts with probability

$$\leq \min_{\varepsilon} \left(\frac{\log N}{\varepsilon q} + (1 - \delta + \varepsilon \log N)^m \right).$$

Recall the FRI soundness: $\frac{K^2 \log K}{(2\varepsilon)^7 q} + \left(1 - \min \left(\delta, 1 - \sqrt{K/N} \right) \right)^m$

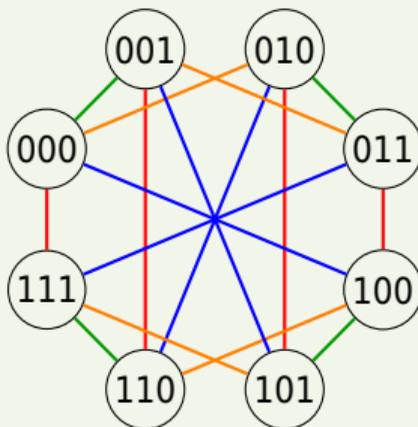
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Definition Cayley graph

Fix (G, \cdot) . Let $S \subseteq G$ be symmetric. Define $\Gamma = (G, E)$ where $E(g, s) = g \cdot s$.

Example $G = (\mathbb{F}_2^3, +)$, $S = \{100, 010, 001, 111\}$



[Cay78] Arthur Cayley. Desiderata and Suggestions: No. 2. The Theory of Groups: Graphical Representation.
American Journal of Mathematics, 1(2):174-176, 1878

We take

- ▶ $G = (\mathbb{F}_2^r, +)$
- ▶ S the columns of a parity check matrix of a $[n, n - r, d]_2$ binary code
- ▶ $C = \mathcal{C}[\Gamma, \text{RS}[n, k]]$

Proposition Parameters of the code

- ▶ $N = n2^{r-1}$
- ▶ $\text{rate } C \geq \frac{2k}{n} - 1$
- ▶ $\frac{1}{2}\delta \leq \Delta(C) \leq \delta,$

$$\text{with } \delta = \frac{1}{2^{r-d+1}} \left(1 - \frac{k-1}{n}\right) = \frac{n2^{d-2}}{N} \left(1 - \frac{k-1}{n}\right)$$

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If $d \ll r$ (i.e. far from MDS), δ is **terrible** ($O(1/N)$).

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▶ Future work

We want flowering-friendly graphs with good **minimal distance** code

- ▶ working with **operations research** people
- ▶ go deeper into graph **expansion**

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Thank you for your attention!