# Graphs and the Yoneda lemma

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### I Graphs as presheaf categories

By a *graph*, we always mean here a directed multigraph (i.e. edges have a direction, there can be multiple edges with the same source and the same target, there can be edges from a vertex to the same vertex, and the sets of vertices and edges can be infinite).

- 1. Give a proper definition of the notion of graph considered here.
- 2. Define a category **G** such that functors  $\mathbf{G}^{\mathrm{op}} \to \mathbf{Set}$  are in bijection with graphs.
- 3. Show that natural transformations between functors  $\mathbf{G}^{\mathrm{op}} \to \mathbf{Set}$  correspond to morphisms of graphs.

Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , the category  $\hat{\mathcal{C}}$  of *presheaves* over  $\mathcal{C}$  is the category whose objects are functors  $\mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \to \mathbf{Set}$  and morphisms are natural transformations.

#### II The Yoneda lemma

- 1. Define a graph  $Y_0$  such that given a graph G, the vertices of G are in bijection with graph morphisms from  $Y_0$  to G. Similarly, define a graph  $Y_1$  such that we have a bijection between edges of G and graph morphisms from  $Y_1$  to G.
- 2. Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , we define the Yoneda functor  $Y : \mathcal{C} \to \hat{\mathcal{C}}$  by  $YAB = \mathcal{C}(B, A)$  for objects  $A, B \in \mathcal{C}$ . Complete the definition of Y.
- 3. In the case of  $\mathcal{C} = \mathbf{G}$ , what are the graphs obtained as the image of the two objects?

A presheaf of the form YA for some object A is called a *representable* presheaf.

- 4. Yoneda lemma: show that for any category  $\mathcal{C}$ , presheaf  $P \in \hat{\mathcal{C}}$ , and object  $A \in \mathcal{C}$ , we have  $PA \cong \hat{\mathcal{C}}(YA, P)$  [hint: first define a function  $\hat{\mathcal{C}}(YA, P) \to PA$ ].
- 5. Show that the Yoneda functor  $Y : \mathcal{C} \to \hat{\mathcal{C}}$  is full and faithful.
- 6. Show that the category of graphs has finite products.
- 7. Show that any presheaf category is cartesian closed. Describe this structure in the case of the category of graphs.

## III 2-graphs

- 1. Explain that a category is a graph with additional structure.
- 2. Define a notion of 2-graph such that a 2-category is a 2-graph with additional structure. Express this notion as a presheaf category  $\hat{\mathbf{G}}'$ .
- 3. Show that any functor  $F : \mathcal{C} \to \mathcal{D}$  canonically induces a functor  $\hat{F} : \hat{\mathcal{D}} \to \hat{\mathcal{C}}$ .
- 4. Describe the "inclusion" functor  $\hat{I} : \hat{\mathbf{G}}' \to \hat{\mathbf{G}}$ .
- 5. Show that this function  $\hat{I}$  admits both a left and a right adjoint.

## IV The simplicial category

The presimplicial category  $\Delta_+$  is the category whose objects are the sets

$$[n] = \{0, 1, \dots, n\}$$

for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and morphisms are increasing injective functions.

- 1. What is the full subcategory of  $\Delta_+$  on the objects [0] and [1] and what are presheaves over it?
- 2. What is the full subcategory of  $\Delta_+$  on the objects [0], [1] and [2] and what are presheaves over it?
- 3. For each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , define a "small" family of functions  $s_i^n : [n] \to [n+1]$  (indexed by *i*) such that every morphism of  $\Delta_+$  can be obtained as a composite of such morphisms.
- 4. Give relations satisfied by the above generating functions.
- 5. Describe the category of presheaves over  $\Delta_+$ .

The simplicial category  $\Delta$  is the category with the sets [n] as objects for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and morphisms are weakly increasing functions.

6. Describe the presheaves over  $\Delta$ .